

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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BRYAN AND CLARK

Free Coinage at 16 to 1 Debated Before a Mobile Audience.

BLUE-EYED LIX HISSED AND HOOED

He Was Rude in His Speech and the Audience Resented It.

BRYAN GETS A BRILLIANT RECEPTION

Although a Stranger in a Strange Land He Has the Best Treatment and the Crowd.

Mobile, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, and Mr. Clark, of Alabama, debated the financial question here tonight before an audience of 2,000. In introducing the speaker the chairman stated that the debate would be one of practical instruction and not a personal affair between the speakers.

Mr. Bryan made a brilliant one-hour speech in defense of silver, which was devoted mainly to the questions at issue. He was given a warm welcome and was almost continuously applauded.

Congressman Clark's home is in Mobile and when he was introduced by Mayor Lavette, he was enthusiastically received. He had not proceeded far in his remarks before he began to taunt the visitor from Nebraska about his democracy, about his Jackson, Miss., speech at which time he was quoted as saying that he would rather be in his tracks than support the democratic party if it adopted a single gold standard and about his remarks on Carlisle.

Clark cited the criticisms of Secretary Carlisle as a pitiful attempt to throw mud upon a man who towered head and shoulders above him and said the mud would not land but would fall back into the face of the man who threw it.

Clark is hissed.

The audience hissed and yelled for Clark to shut up or leave the stage. He continued in a more moderate strain but frequently would lose control of himself and attack his opponent who merely smiled at the unmanly performance of the home speaker. It was agreed that each speaker should be allowed fifteen minutes in rebuttal and when Bryan arose the audience gave him a magnificent reception. He attacked Clark on one or two of his statements about wages and then called into him for the personalities he had indulged in. With eyes flashing and countenance most determined he confronted Clark and said: "My friend did something to me tonight that I will not do to him if he comes to the state of Nebraska. I was invited here tonight with the understanding that he would be given a fair deal by my opponent. This he has not done."

Bryan was here interrupted by applause at Clark's remark. He continued and went for the Alabama congressman in a most magnificent oratorical and scathingly denunciatory manner. When Clark arose to close the debate part of the audience left the building, and those who remained paid but little respect to their slow citizen. The name of Grover Cleveland received some applause but it was not such applause as his name used to evoke.

Clark was frequently interrupted during his closing remarks and he responded by calling the audience republicans and populists. It can be truthfully said that more than two-thirds of the voters present tonight favor free silver.

Clark will be a candidate for Senator next year, but his friends admit tonight that he has lost many a supporter by his conduct for the evening.

BRYAN FOR THE MASSES.

Clark speaks for the Goldbugs—Rebuked at Home.

Mobile, Ala., July 1.—At the invitation of the central trades council of this city on W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska, and Hon. W. H. Clark, of Alabama, tonight debated the free coinage of silver at the rate of 16 to 1, in the Mobile theater, which was filled with one of the largest audiences that has ever assembled there.

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sentences of my opponent does he know any more about the matter than he did at the start? There are many of you who can make a trade on Carlisle, and there are about half a dozen who can throw mud at him—not more than a half dozen, since Kentucky spoke the other day. It is true that tucky spoke the other day. It is true that Kentucky elected a free coinage man, but she did it on a platform endorsing Cleveland and in favor of sound money. If any man undertakes to buy eggs at 50 cents per dozen that are worth 25 cents a half the world over, he will have a pretty good idea finally he will have to quit buying eggs, because his money will give out. My opponent, in saying that Mexico cannot carry the free coinage of silver successfully, admits that it is a burden for any country to carry, and that because this country is a little larger it will be better able to bear the burden. Congressman Bankhead said the other night when he spoke here that the men who opposed the repeal of the 10 per cent bank tax were in favor of the free coinage of silver, and then turning to Bryan, he asked:

"Will you vote for the repeal of the 10 per cent on state banks?"

"I did not," replied Bryan.

"Then," said Clark, "I leave you to settle that little difference with Bankhead when you get to Birmingham."

Clark announced himself in favor of both gold and silver as money if they can be kept at a parity in the business of the country.

"The difference is this: Bryan favors silver monometallism, while I favor the limited use of silver along with the unlimited use of gold."

In reference to the criticisms of Carlisle by Bryan Clark said that Carlisle was right, but that he was speaking at the time of the limited and not the free and unlimited use of silver as money, and said that there had been no contraction of the currency of the country, but that on the other hand there was more money in circulation in the country today than there had ever been in the history of the United States.

He cited the condition of Mexico, China, Japan and India and the condition of the laboring man in those countries as the evidence of the effect of free and unlimited coinage of silver upon the laborer.

The speaker then asked Bryan as to what he understood by the free and unlimited coinage of silver. Was he in favor of taking the bullion to the mints and getting the silver dollars for it at once, or was he in favor of taking the bullion to the mints and getting in return paper receipts. Mr. Bryan replied that if the bullion could be coined fast enough, then he is willing to take the paper receipts and wait till the bullion is coined.

The audience rebuked Clark for what it thought was rudeness on his part.

TWO NEW TORPEDO BOATS.

To Be Built for the Navy—Terms of the Contract.

Washington, July 1.—The navy department today invited proposals for the construction of three steel twin-screw, sea-going torpedo boats for the navy. The boats are to be of about 1,800 tons displacement. The material used in their construction is to be of domestic manufacture. The vessels may be constructed of steel or other metal, or of alloy. The contracts will require speed of not less than an average of twenty-six knots per hour, maintained successfully for two consecutive hours. If they fail to develop and maintain twenty-six knots, but exhibit an average speed of not less than twenty knots an hour, they will be accepted, so far as speed is concerned, at a reduced price, the reduction being at the rate of \$10,000 a knot. If the reduced speed falls below an average of twenty knots an hour it will be optional with the secretary of the navy to reject the vessels or to accept them at a reduced price, to be agreed upon between the secretary and the contractors.

The act of congress authorizing the vessels provided that one of them should be built on or near the coast of the Pacific ocean, one on the Mississippi river, and one on the Gulf of Mexico. The act provided further that in case the vessels could be built at these points at a fair cost they should be built at any place in the United States.

Referring to this section of the act, the proposals are: "In view of the fact that the department may not be able to make a contract for the construction of a fair cost of one of said torpedo boats either on the Pacific coast, or on the Mississippi river or on the Gulf of Mexico, it is desired that each bidder will state the price for which he will undertake to build one, two or all three of said vessels, according to the capacity of his plant, in order that the contract may, if necessary, be awarded to one bidder for the construction of more than one vessel."

REFUSE TO DIVIDE.

Tillmanites Elect Straightout Delegates to the State Convention.

Columbia, S. C. July 1.—(Special.)—The action of the Edgefield county convention today makes it plain that there will be a straight fight to the finish for the control of the constitutional convention, and no compromises. A speech by Senator Tillman did the work. He was not a delegate, but was extended the privilege of the floor and among other things said:

"I went into this fight from the very outset because of the oppression of the farming classes—the poor white man. When I was first elected to the legislature, I was appealed to by the negroes, as you know. This convention must form a constitution of which white supremacy will be the keynote. These friends of ours say that they were in favor of white supremacy. But what kind of white supremacy? The white supremacy we want is one which God, the flesh nor the devil can take away. We want no negro vote. I proposed to give them half in the Tillman-Hemphill conference because the conservatives would be pledged to the necessary basic privileges. But we must go beyond that. We cannot trust them. Put them in that convention, and 30,000 white men shall have cast their last vote. Why should our faction with 55,000 votes give the other faction, with only 22,000, one-half the delegates? We will never set that pace with my advice nor consent."

Senator Tillman's advice was endorsed by a vote of 94 to 54. Resolutions approving the treatment of Colonel J. J. Dargan last week were passed. The Lancaster county convention today also refused to divide the delegates between the factions.

BIMETALLISTS IN CONFERENCE.

Awaiting for Joint Action for Promoting the Movement.

Berlin, July 1.—Deputy Fourqurean, vice president, and M. Thery, secretary of the French Bimetallist League, who are visiting this city, had a conference today with members of the German Bimetallist Union, including Count von Mirbach and Herren von Kardorff and Arndt, advocates for joint action for promoting the bimetallist movement. M. Fourqurean and M. Thery, prior to their visit to Berlin, had a conference with British bimetallists in London.

HIS WIFE AVENGED

Dr. Buchanan at Last Pays the Penalty of His Crime.

KILLED BY THE ELECTRIC CURRENT

He Resisted to the Last and Two Shocks Were Given Him.

THE FIRST DID NOT CAUSE DEATH

Mrs. Buchanan Pleaded on Her Knees to Governor Morton To Spare Her Husband, but He Declined To Interfere.

Sing Sing, N. Y., July 1.—Dr. Buchanan was electrocuted this morning. The current was turned on at 11:30 o'clock at 1,740 volts for four seconds, reduced to 400 volts, left on for thirty seconds, when it was turned on to 1,740 volts again and gradually reduced until it was turned off fifty-eight seconds after it was first applied.

Buchanan entered the room with his eyes closed, and did not open them at all. He walked along beside the attendant without assistance to the chair. His leg was slightly scorched, and smoked during the last few seconds of the execution. The body was perfectly motionless after the current was turned on.

Thirty-two seconds after the current was turned off Buchanan was examined by the physicians, who discovered a slight pulsation of the heart. The victim also gasped, and the doctors declared that life was not extinct. The current was again turned on full force of 1,740 volts, where it was held for twenty-three seconds, when it was again turned off. Buchanan was dead at 11:33 o'clock a. m.

Mrs. Buchanan returned from Rhinecliff at 10:30 o'clock. She was met at the depot by an officer from the prison. She wished to be driven to the prison, but it was thought best not to allow this, so she was driven away, and is supposed to have been taken to Mrs. Sage's private apartments. It is understood that in her interview with the governor, she pleaded with him on her knees. The governor, who was very much affected, told her that as far as any assistance he could render he would gladly do it, but that he could not possibly prevent the law taking its course.

Protest of Buchanan's Counsel.

Nothing was heard from Buchanan's counsel this morning until a few minutes before the execution, and it was believed that they had given up the case. At 11:35 o'clock, however, the following message was received by Warden Sage, signed by Arthur C. Butts and George W. Gibbons:

"Opinion of attorney general misleading, and mistakes facts as to appeal. Buchanan's case is in the supreme court of the United States. The governor is asked, 'You must choose between supplied duty to the state and obedience to the supreme laws of our country.'"

No action was paid to the message, which was simply a protest, and had no force in law.

About the same time, the following message was received from Governor Morton's apartment:

"Rhinecliff, N. Y., July 1.—To O. V. Sage, Warden: The governor informs me that he has no further communication to make to you. He informs me that this morning that he could not interfere."

"COOK."

Statement of the Doctors.

Before the autopsy, Dr. Gibbs made the following statement:

"I think the cause of the apparent partial failure of the first application was the fact that the straps were drawn too tight about the neck and chin, perhaps preventing the immediate action of the current on the lungs, and, therefore, causing the slight pulsation of the heart which we observed. I believe Buchanan was unconscious after the first shock, and was beyond resuscitation before the current was turned off."

Subscription for the Widow.

Mrs. Buchanan notified Warden Sage as soon as the execution was over that she intended to claim her husband's body and give it burial. She said that she was without funds but hoped to obtain assistance from friends. The warden promised to keep the body for a reasonable time, subject to order, and showed his practical sympathy by starting a subscription in her behalf, to which nearly all the officers of the prison and witnesses of the execution contributed.

George W. Gibbons, one of Buchanan's counsel this evening notified Warden Sage that he would assume all expenses in connection with Buchanan's interment and he commissioned a New York undertaker to charge of the matter.

Shortly before leaving Sing Sing this afternoon Mrs. Buchanan gave an account of her interview with the governor. She remained at Rhinecliff last night and started for Ellenville, the governor's home, at 5:00 o'clock. In spite of the early hour the governor rose immediately upon being informed of her arrival and gave her a hearing lasting an hour and a half. She pleaded with him on her knees to spare her husband's life, but the governor, while expressing the deepest sympathy, said he could not interfere again in the case. He offered her assistance and asked her to tell him if she needed help now or hereafter, which she promised to do.

Hanging in Montana.

Butte, Mont., July 1.—Clay Fugh was hanged this morning at Boulder for the murder of Chauncey W. West, conductor on a Butte, Anaconda and Pacific train, in Butte, October 5th last. The murder was committed because West put him off of the train. Fugh was twenty-six years of age. His family lives in Davies county, Iowa.

GAVE UP HIS CHARGE.

Because the Ladies of His Congregation Played Cards.

Memphis, Tenn., July 1.—Rev. John A. Brooks, who has been pastor of the large and influential Christian church here for more than two years, gave up the charge yesterday and left for Kentucky, where he will engage in evangelical work. The course was entirely out of the ordinary and was not clearly intimated by the pastor in his farewell talk on Sunday. It developed that it was due to the persistence of several women of his flock, leaders in society, in playing progressive euchre and similar games where prizes were contested for.

After exhausting his powers of persuasion and Christian counsel, Dr. Brooks announced to them that their social practices must cease or he would resign. The issue was made and his resignation was accepted. The same issue is said to have caused his predecessor to give up the pastorate.

Shot the Brothers.

Charleston, W. Va., July 1.—Last night Monroe Cook met Lewis and Henry Morris on Morris creek, in this county. The men had a long-standing quarrel, and all began shooting. Lewis Morris was killed and Henry Morris was fatally wounded. Cook has fled.

the tenacity with which the man clung to life.

Had a Small Brain.

The most remarkable thing developed by the post-mortem was the size of the brain, which weighed 3 1/2 ounces, or less than three-fourths the average. All the doctors agreed after the post-mortem examination that the execution had been successful as any which has preceded it in point of painlessness. The condition of the brain indicated the impossibility of consciousness after the application of the current. Dr. Irvine, who has witnessed nearly all the executions in the state under the new law, said:

"The failure of the first shock to effect death in this case was, in my opinion, due principally to the character of the subject. In the first place, Buchanan sat so motionless in the chair before the current was first applied that it was impossible to detect his respirations. No doubt the current struck him at a moment when his lungs were filled with air, instead of nearly empty as they should have been. This caused the expulsion of air after the first application of the current and also probably contributed to cause the slight pulsation which was detected after the current was turned off. Apart from this fact that Buchanan had nerved himself to resist the shock had much to do with his tenacity of life."

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The most remarkable thing developed by the post-mortem was the size of the brain, which weighed 3 1/2 ounces, or less than three-fourths the average. All the doctors agreed after the post-mortem examination that the execution had been successful as any which has preceded it in point of painlessness. The condition of the brain indicated the impossibility of consciousness after the application of the current. Dr. Irvine, who has witnessed nearly all the executions in the state under the new law, said:

"The failure of the first shock to effect death

TALKED TOO MUCH

Brown Is Knocked Down for Saying He Would Hang Lem Davis.

YOUNG DAVIS HITS HIM IN THE MOUTH

John Sullivan Slugs Him—Schwarz Pleads Insanity in His Murder Case—Kavanaugh Drinks Laudanum.

Savannah, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—A man named Brown was talking rather freely in Sullivan's saloon this afternoon about what he would have done if he had been on the jury which tried Lem Davis for the killing of William Lewis. He made the statement that he would have hung Davis. One of Davis's sons, who was standing by, knocked out one of Brown's teeth and John Sullivan gave him a lick or two, which laid him out.

An Ex-Detective Wants To Die.

Ex-City Detective John Kavanaugh made an attempt to commit suicide by swallowing two ounces of laudanum this morning. It was discovered shortly afterwards and physicians were summoned. He was brought around all right in a short while and is now in a fair way to recover. Kavanaugh would not say why he wanted to die. He has been drinking very hard lately and this is thought to have had something to do with his actions. He was a city detective under Mayor McDonough and made himself very unpopular with the saloon element by the measures he pursued to detect and ferret out the violators of the Sunday law.

Schwarz Pleads Insanity.

Mr. F. G. duBignon, attorney for William Schwarz, charged with the murder of his colored mistress, Agnes McKnight, last Christmas day, filed a special plea of insanity when the case was called for trial today. Solicitor General Fraser announced that he had not anticipated such a plea and asked for a continuance, which was granted, the case being reassigned for July 15th.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

Official Statement of the Treasury for the Fiscal Year.

Washington, July 1.—The treasury official statement of receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30th, was issued today. It shows:

Total receipts \$131,310,106, total expenditures \$136,215,215, deficit \$4,905,049. The receipts for the year were \$15,500,000 greater than for the year 1892-4, and from these sources: Customs \$13,749,405, internal revenue \$14,867,463, miscellaneous \$1,593,296. The expenditures were \$11,000,000 less than the year 1892-4 and were for these objects: Civil and miscellaneous \$9,372,591, war \$51,230,394, navy \$28,800,335, Indian \$9,394,411, pensions \$14,331,523, interest \$3,915,519.

Custom receipts were \$2,000,000 larger than for last year and internal revenue receipts \$3,500,000 less. In expenditures, \$8,000,000 less was paid out than last year on the miscellaneous account, \$3,000,000 less for war, \$3,000,000 for navy, about the same for pensions and \$1,000,000 more for interest. For the month of June the receipts exceeded the expenditures by nearly \$1,000,000, the receipts aggregating \$5,515,474, and the expenditures \$2,415,023.

For June, 1894, the receipts were \$3,455,925, and the expenditures \$2,557,021. The gain in customs receipts for June, 1895, over June 1894, was \$3,500,000.

The Debt Statement.

The debt statement issued this afternoon shows a net decrease in the public debt, less cash in the treasury, of \$10,000,000, or \$10,730,324. The interest-bearing debt increased \$50, the non-interest bearing debt decreased \$50,373, and cash in the treasury increased \$9,979,033. The balances of the several classes of debt at the close of business, June 30th, were:

Interest-bearing debt \$716,202,060, debt on which interest has increased since maturity \$1,721,560, debt bearing no interest \$378,989,499; total \$1,096,912,120.

The certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury outstanding at the end of the month were, \$579,297,863, an increase of \$5,841,120.

The total cash in the treasury was \$811,061,686. The gold reserve was \$100,000,000. Net cash in the treasury was \$911,061,686. There was an increase in gold coin and bars of \$2,303,423, the total at the close being \$155,893,831.

Of silver there was an increase of \$756,069. Of surplus there was an increase of \$1,000,000, or \$1,000,000, against \$1,000,000 at the end of the preceding month.

The national bank note circulation outstanding June 30th was \$211,000,000, an increase since June 30, 1894, of \$4,341,321. The circulation based on bonds increased during the year, \$9,495,514.

KILLED A BABE.

The Engineer Tried To Save It but Was Too Late.

Raleigh, N. C., July 1.—(Special.)—Late yesterday afternoon after the south-bound Seaboard Air-Line train had passed Asbury, a small station near here, and was going rapidly down a steep grade the engineer saw a little white-robed figure on the cross-ties just outside the track. He jumped to the throttle and reversed the engine so suddenly that passengers were thrown from their seats. He was too late, for the strange child had struck the little toddler and its dead body was picked up and carried to the home of its father, Mr. T. A. Jones, of Cary.

Mr. W. E. Christie, of The News and Observer, who wrote up the murder of Dr. Payne, has been subpoenaed to appear as a witness at the trial of Shemwell in Lexington this week.

Fled to Her Lover's Home.

Clermont, Fla., July 1.—Miss Bessie Seymour, aged seventeen, was cruelly whipped by her father yesterday because she refused to renounce her lover, Mr. Whitley. Last night she fled to her lover's home and marriage will follow as soon as the girl recovers from the whipping.

Mr. Spencer in Knoxville.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 1.—(Special.)—President Samuel Spencer and Vice President Baldwin, of the Southern railway, arrived in the city tonight and will tomorrow attend the sale of the Alabama Great Southern bonds held by the old East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road. The former was made by the Central Trust Company, of New York.

FACIAL HUMORS

Prevented by

CUTICURA

SOAP

AS HATED TO BE SEEN because of disfiguring facial humors is the condition of thousands who live in ignorance of the fact that CUTICURA SOAP is to be found the purest, sweetest, and most effective skin purifier and beautifier in the world. For pimples, blackheads, red and dry skin, red, rough hands with chapped scales, dry, thin, and falling hair, it is wonderful.

Sold throughout the world, and especially by E. C. Green and American chemists in all continental cities. British depot: N. W. & S. S. Green, Ltd., London, U. S. A. and Canada: D. W. & S. S. Green, Ltd., New York, U. S. A.

OPPOSITION TO CASTLE

As Minister to Washington from Hawaii.

San Francisco, July 1.—(Correspondence of United Press, per Steamer Australia, from Honolulu, June 24.)—A strong opposition has developed to the appointment of William B. Castle as minister to Washington. His name with several other appointments was sent into the senate on the 20th by the president for certification. In executive session an attack was made by Senator McCandless upon Mr. Castle, and his name and that of F. Hastings, secretary of the Hawaiian League, were referred to a committee consisting of Baldwin, Brown and Waterhouse. This committee has not yet reported. The opposition to Castle has been especially voiced by members of the American League, which comprises the most radical element in the republic, and by their organ, The Star. This paper has refrained from specifying any particular objection to the nominee, but intimates in general terms that "a large majority of those comprising the support of the government are firm in the conviction that Mr. Castle is not the man for this place." It also recommends Mr. Hastings as "standing with the state department and having a good footing at the white house. He has the confidence of the people here."

The Advertiser, which supports Mr. Castle, says: "Neither Mr. Castle nor Secretary Olney have reason to believe, that any representative of this government might have sent congratulations to them on the Hawaiian policy of the administration. Mr. Hastings is mentioned as the proper person for the place, etc. He has many friends in Washington and many in Hawaii. What he is a very capable young man, but as representative at the most important point of diplomatic and consular corps Mr. Hastings is not the man for the position. He should, if possible, be a native of Hawaii, or at least, a man who for many years has been active in and acquainted with the public affairs of the country. Mr. Hastings does not possess these qualifications."

Mr. Castle has been generally considered a popular and acceptable man. It is now thought to light that there is a number of more or less influential persons hostile to him for personal reasons, connected with law business. The fact of his having long done much work for a considerable time, and his having also worked against him. How the senate will finally decide is somewhat doubtful, although the probability is in favor of Mr. Castle. It is not thought to be the least probable that the president would nominate Mr. Hastings for the office if Mr. Castle is rejected. Mr. Castle is very friendly to him. He has never been prominent here in public affairs and was quite neutral in politics until after the revolution was established. Some prominent leader in the revolution would naturally be chosen for the post.

The following have been chosen members of the council of state by the senate: C. Bolte, German; W. C. Wilder, American; F. C. Jones, American; Cecil Brown, English; C. C. Kennedy, Scotch.

By the house: Mark Robinson, part Hawaiian; John Eute, part Hawaiian; Lina Noone, Hawaiian; A. G. M. Robertson, English; W. Smith, American.

Six of the ten members of the former advisory council. The president will name the remaining five members tomorrow, when the whole council of state will be sworn in.

GEORGIA EDITORS IN NEW YORK

Entertained by the People of Albany.

Will Visit Governor Morton.

Albany, N. Y., July 1.—A delegation of about fifty editors from Georgia arrived tonight on the day boat "Albany" from New York. The party left Albany, Ga., on Saturday last and will be absent until July 10th. They will go to Montreal, and return through Lake Champlain and Lake George. The editors, who were accompanied by a mascot, named Roxie, who goes with them on their excursions, "Roxie" is the king of the newsboys of Atlanta and has charge of the news circulation of the Constitution and the Journal.

The editors were entertained at the Fort Orange Club tonight and the ladies of the party were given a trip around the city. Tomorrow morning the party will visit the capitol and see Governor Morton. The party will leave here at 11:45 o'clock tomorrow morning.

FITZSIMMONS'S TRIAL.

Dr. Tolman Insists That the Blow on the Jaw Killed Riordan.

Syracuse, N. Y., July 1.—Expert testimony was resumed in the Fitzsimmons trial for manslaughter this morning, and Dr. D. M. Tolman was again required to testify that he considered the blow which Riordan's death. Again he swore that it was concentrated violence on the man's jaw. Then the expert was asked if the rigors and convulsions which Riordan showed on falling to the stage after Fitzsimmons's blows were not due to the concussion of the brain and laceration of the brain tissues. He said they were due to those causes.

The question as to whether or not a short, quick, rapid blow, delivered by boxing gloves weighing six to ten ounces upon the jaw of a man, is likely to produce severe bodily injury was objected to, and the objection sustained—a victory for the defense.

After recess Drs. Didiama, Kaufman and Smith, all of whom were present at the autopsy, testified that in their opinion death was caused by the blow that was given. Each of the doctors was subjected to a severe cross-examination, but none could be forced from the statement made in the direct testimony.

The case will be resumed tomorrow.

ACCIDENT TO A WOMAN.

She Fell Under a Car and Her Leg Was Cut Off.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 1.—(Special.)—About 11 o'clock tonight, as passenger train No. 4 for the east was pulling out of the Knoxville yard, an unknown man and woman named Collins, who bears a bad reputation in the city, attempted to get on the train. The man succeeded in getting on the steps and was pulling the woman by the hand, when she fell with her right foot across the rail and it was made off just below the knee. It is learned they had committed a robbery and were trying to get out of town.

National Schutzenbund.

New York July 1.—Thousands of people crowded along the line of march today to watch the mammoth parade of the National Schutzenbund. Traffic was entirely suspended while the procession was passing and buildings along the route were garishly decorated with bunting and countless flags.

At Union square the parade was reviewed by Sheriff Tamsen, the comptroller of the city, Mr. Jacob Ruppert and other honorary members of the bund.

Stanley a Candidate Again.

London, July 1.—Mr. Henry M. Stanley, the well-known African explorer, will again contest the north division of Lambeth at the coming general election for members of parliament. In the last election Mr. Stanley, who is a liberal unionist, was defeated by Mr. Francis M. Colville, a radical. Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, a local colonial secretary, will speak in his behalf on Saturday next.

THE GOLDRUG SLATE

Oates Is To Run for the Senate and Clark for Governor.

MORGAN AND PUGH'S SEATS COVETED

But There's Many a Slip Twixt the Cup and the Lip—A Program Mapped Out by the Alabama Cuckoos.

Montgomery, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—It is stated as a fact that an amicable arrangement has been at last effected between Governor Oates and Congressman Clark with reference to the "sound money" slate of '96. It is stated that Governor Oates will be the administration candidate for the United States senate and that Mr. Clark will make the race for governor, the programme being that he shall hold the office for four years and succeed Senator Morgan, whose term expires in 1901.

The tip comes from a man of considerable political and professional prominence and by one who ought to know. He says that within two weeks this news will be given out through the administration papers in the state. This has always been regarded as the most practical arrangement for the "sound money" people to pursue and the only trouble heretofore has been that Mr. Clark has declined to make the race for governor. At least that is the way the gossip have had it. If it is a fact that this arrangement has been perfected, the bimetallicists will have a most formidable ticket to defeat. The result of the last democratic primary in the state is evidence enough as to this.

THEIR GREED CONDEMNED.

School Teachers Censured for Inheriting Money. It Is Charged, Unfairly.

Montgomery, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—Something of a sensation has been occasioned by the announcement of the list of public school teachers for the Montgomery schools for the ensuing year. The list was due to have been announced some time ago and the teachers have been impatient to hear the results of the board's selections. It now develops that the list was over the re-election of two of the lady teachers—the Misses Coghill.

It will be remembered that several months ago an interesting case was tried in the courts here involving the property of a Mrs. Kennedy. The estate was a large and valuable one. In spite of the fact that Mrs. Kennedy had many close blood relatives who needed for sustenance and the property she left at her death all of it was left to the Coghills, people who lived in the neighborhood with her, but who had no claim whatever upon her. It was attempted to be shown at the trial of the case that the Coghills were severely criticised by the public for their action in the matter. When it became known that they had applied again for their places in the public schools a flood of complaints were presented to the board of trustees and the matter of their re-election was discussed for several meetings. Finally the board re-elected them, by a vote of 3 to 2. There is considerable complaint over their action, although it is probable the matter will be allowed to stop here.

ANOTHER ALABAMA ROAD.

The Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City Will Probably Be Built Right Away.

Montgomery, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—A prominent railroad man from Mobile is authority for the statement that the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City road, through its trustees and the matter of its re-election was discussed for several meetings. Finally the board re-elected them, by a vote of 3 to 2. There is considerable complaint over their action, although it is probable the matter will be allowed to stop here.

The subscriptions are to be paid in installments as the road is built and equipped to certain points. Mobile is expected to raise \$125,000 of the amount and the balance will be collected along the line of the proposed road. The belt line franchise which the city granted to the company will be forfeited at once unless work is commenced without delay, and the gentlemen who have been making the road would begin to break dirt for its construction today.

A Farmer Smily Poisoned.

Letohatchee, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—Sometime since Mr. John Smily, of this county, killed a notorious negro named Monroe. Smily by some of Phifer's kinsfolk and recently as he sat at his table a huge rock was thrown at him through an open window. After he had eaten a few mouthfuls of breakfast on Sunday, the body was found dead. A physician was hastily summoned and barely saved his life. It was found that his coffee had been poisoned. Phifer's relatives are suspected.

A Heartless Negro.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—Several days ago a negro named William W. Tucker was driven for Mr. J. H. Pitts, quit his service and moved from this place to Blocton. He shut up the house and went away, leaving his mother-in-law there, who was very sick, and was away for a long time. After he had been gone a day or two Mr. S. E. Alston was in the garden near the house and found a couple of days without anything to eat and without any kind of treatment whatever. He had been lying on the ground, almost dead. Although medical aid was called in she was too far gone to be saved and died shortly afterwards.

Montgomery, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—General C. H. Howard and C. F. Hafer, of Chicago, have, in connection with Iowa parties, purchased about 20,000 acres of fruit and farm lands in Chilton county, situated on the line of the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

Mr. Howard is the principal owner of The Atlanta Journal and is a leading agricultural paper of this country. General Howard has heretofore been interested in the exposition at the University of California, turning toward the south he has changed his base of operations with the above mentioned purchases and is now promoting the interests of immigration to Alabama.

MORE EDITORS COMING.

The Alabamians Will Be Here October 9th—Plenals on the Fourth.

Birmingham, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—Alabama editors will invade Atlanta and the exposition in a body. They will leave Birmingham for the Gate City on the morning of October 10th, and they expect to see everything there is to be seen at the exposition which has not been seen before. They will be accompanied by the executive committee of the Alabama Press Association in Birmingham Saturday it was decided that the annual meeting of the association take place in this city on the morning of the 10th, and on the following day the entire body go to Atlanta and take in the exposition.

Killed in a Corner.

Montgomery, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—A slave from Tusculum, Ala., says: "Wesley McWilliams, a well-to-do farmer living near town, shot and killed Charles Bolting, a colored farmer living on an adjacent farm. McWilliams a few days ago opened a corncrib which he had not been using and found that it had been robbed of forty or fifty bushels of corn. The thief taking it from the back side of the crib through a crack which he had closely covered over."

McWilliams has been sitting up watching since, and this morning about 2 o'clock the thief put in an appearance and began to sack the crib. Upon being accosted he turned out an armed club upon McWilliams.

TO BE BUILT OF GEORGIA MARBLE.



A structure costing \$1,250,000 will be erected in St. Louis on the site of the old Poye theater property, on the half block between Olive and Locust streets, along the west side of Ninth street. Chicago genius and capital will be operative in this enterprise, which is known as the Marble Century building.

The Central Realty and Improvement Company, which is back of the enterprise, is offered as follows: President, Jonathan Reader, Chicago; treasurer, C. W. Wall, and secretary, A. O. Rule, the latter two of St. Louis. Reader, Coffin & Crocker, of Chicago, are the architects of the Century building, which will occupy a ground space of 127x288 feet. It will be ten stories high above a high basement, and will contain stores, offices and a large theater, which is to be as absolutely fireproof as architectural science can render it.

The exterior will be entirely of Georgia marble, and the interior is to be finished throughout with various foreign marbles, iron and hard woods. Contracts for construction have already been let.

Mr. O. S. Bain, secretary of the Georgia Marble Company, passed through Atlanta a few days ago, in company with Mr. Reader, the well-known Chicago architect, whose firm planned the building, on their way to the Georgia Marble Company's quarries in Pickens county. Mr. Reader will there select the combination of colors, etc., of the marble to be used and the work of cutting the blocks will be at once begun.

Williams, who emptied the contents of his shotgun into his abdomen.

McWilliams came to town and gave himself up, and was acquitted upon preliminary examination. Bolting had plenty of corn of his own raising, and was considered a good negro.

Cotton Is Poor in Alabama.

Mobile, Ala., July 1.—B. P. Chaffar, director of the Alabama state weather service, telegraphs The Register: "Cotton is in a very unsatisfactory condition. It has grown but little, with poor stands. Grass is making rapid headway and choking it in a number of places."

KILLED COLSTON AND HIS MISTRESS

But Not Until He Had Dropped Two Men.

Paducah, Ky., July 1.—News was received here today of a quadruple tragedy in a remote section of Trigg county last Friday night. John Rhodes and Chas. Hammond were shot dead by Abith Colston, an ex-convict, and the next morning the bodies of Colston and Milly Smith, his mistress, were found in the road, killed with buckshot. It seems that Colston, who had recently been released from the Frankfort penitentiary, where he had been sent for horse stealing, had ever since his release been gambling for all who were witnesses against him. Among them were five brothers named Rhodes, and they were the first sought by the ex-convict. Meeting John Rhodes at Rhodes's landing, he shot and instantly killed him. He then started for the other Rhodes boys and not far from the spot where he had shot John Rhodes he saw Chas. Hammond giving Abe Rhodes a drink of water from a spring. This so exasperated Colston that he started killing Rhodes, as he had intended, the killed Hammond. He then left Rhodes, who was unarmed, and went to where his mistress, Milly Smith, lived. They spent part of the night in a drunken carousal, and shortly after daylight both were found dead in the road. Whether they were shot by indignant citizens or by the Rhodes boys, or their friends, may never be known.

FAILURE OF A COAL COMPANY.

Hollidaysburg, Pa., July 1.—The Mountaineer Coal Company and the Pritchard Coal Company, two large industrial concerns running coal mines in Cambria county, and having their head office at Altoona, failed today. Samuel I. Fries, a prominent Altoona hardware merchant, who was at the head of the Mountaineer company, confessed judgments to his creditors for \$16,000 and Fries & Shumlin of the Pritchard company, for \$16,000. The liabilities of the two companies will aggregate \$100,000. Both concerns suspended operations.

THE DEATH ROLL

Hall County Loses One of Her Most Prominent Citizens.

Gainesville, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Mr. O. B. Thompson, one of the best known and most prominent citizens of Hall county, died early this morning. His death was sudden and unexpected. He had complained before retiring of slight pains in his abdomen, but it was apparently nothing. At midnight he awoke and asked for some medicine. Mrs. Thompson started to get it, but before she could get to him he was dead.

Mr. Thompson was about seventy years of age. He was born and lived all his life in this county. He was a successful farmer, who had never aspired to office, but had always been regarded as one of the foremost citizens of the county.

Some time ago his first wife died and last year he married Mrs. Pillsbury of Atlanta. He leaves four children by his first marriage, Solicitor General Howard Thompson, Mr. Ed Thompson, Mrs. Ed Thompson, the wife of United States Marshal Sam Dunlap, and Mrs. W. D. Wheeler. The funeral will be held tomorrow. Mr. Thompson will be laid to rest in the family burying ground, where four generations of his family lie buried.

SOME MILITARY CHANGES.

The Field Officers of Two Regiments Planned—Other Changes.

Montgomery, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—It is practically settled that the headquarters of the Second regiment will remain at Birmingham and Colonel Clark is expected. It will be enlarged by the addition of all the north Alabama companies, including the Anniston, Alexander City, Huntsville, Gadsden and Florence commands now in the third.

The headquarters of the Third regiment will be removed to this city and the Montgomery companies will be withdrawn from the Second and put in the Third. The First regiment will remain practically unchanged.

It develops that it was the desire of the field officers of the First and Third regiments to redistribute the regiments completely, place the Second's headquarters here and the Third in Birmingham and change Colonel Clark to the Third. The Second regiment's officers, however, are against giving up either Colonel Clark or Birmingham and the scheme had to be declared as states in spite of the assistance of the governor that the war bureau of them be issued by the governor tomorrow.

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ONCE MORE DEATH.

Will Myers Was Yesterday Sentenced To Be Hung on August 2d.

HIS DOOM RECEIVED WITHOUT A QUIVER

Judge Hart Spoke Earnestly and at Times Was Visibly Affected.

TOUCHING ALLUSION TO MYERS' MOTHER

The Motion for a New Trial Will Be Argued on July 29th at Union Point—Mr. Myers Still Extremely Hopeful.

Shortly after 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon Will J. Myers, twice convicted of the murder of Forrest L. Crowley, was for the second time sentenced to pay the death penalty for the horrible crime charged against him.

August 2d is the date that Judge John Hart, his lips tremulous with an emotion that was not displayed upon the rigid countenance of young Myers, set for the execution of the young criminal.

But Myers will not be hung upon that day and there will be another date set



JUDGE JOHN C. HART. As He Appeared Yesterday When He Sentenced Myers to Be Hung on August 2d.

after the various motions and legal procedures have been disposed of. It was probably this knowledge that lent to Myers the coolness that seemed altogether out of keeping and which he alone seemed to experience.

Judge Hart in sentencing the prisoner was at times so affected that he talked in such a low tone that the prisoner, standing up to receive the sentence, involuntarily leaned forward to catch the words; the stenographer, too, was unable to hear all said by Judge Hart, though he sat very near him.

At the references made by the judge to the mother of Myers, there was hardly a dry eye in the courtroom, save the young prisoner's. Solicitor Hill found the floor intensely interesting and Sheriff Barnes was unable to hide a tear that tumbled without permission down his cheek. Myers' father placed one hand before his eyes and sat in that attitude during the sentencing of his son.

It was, indeed, a scene that called for tears. Judge Hart spoke with a tone of wonderful earnestness and evidently felt every word that he said. It was Myers alone who was unmoved. There was only one instant when he showed the least emotion. It was when Judge Hart asked him if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed upon him.

When Myers began his reply he spoke in a choked voice and his lips trembled for an instant, then he held his hand up and looked without flinching straight at the man whose painful duty it was to send him to the gallows of a convicted murderer.

At the conclusion of Judge Hart's words, Myers bowed and quietly sat down. In a few minutes he was led from the courtroom and his attorneys made a motion for a new trial.

The hearing of the motion was set for July 29th and will be argued at Union Point, before Judge Hart.

Few People Knew of It. It was not generally known that Myers was to be sentenced yesterday at 1 o'clock, as it was decided by the court officials to keep the matter as quiet as possible.

At 1 o'clock, with the promptness and punctuality that characterized him during the trial, Judge Hart rapped for order in the court—a rapping that was entirely unnecessary, save as a matter of form, for there was an absolute stillness when he entered.

There were not more than fifty people in the courtroom, three of whom were young women. Myers' father sat awaiting the entrance of his son. Clerks Miller and Myers brought the dockets to Judge Hart and handed him the indictment. Solicitor Hill sat near the table that he used during the trial. His assistant, Mr. John Monaghan, sat in the jury box near Mr. W. T. Myers, the counsel for Myers.

There were several newspaper men, the court stenographers, a number of balliffs and some twenty on-lookers.

Myers walked from the prisoners' room, where he had gone to take off the belt and handcuffs, and walked with sturdy step into the courtroom and sat beside his father. He was a little warm from the trip from the jail. He leaned over and spoke something in a whisper to his father, who answered, Mrs. Myers was not in the courtroom.

"I Have Only One Thing To Say." "This is the case against me," said Judge Hart, reading from the indictment. "Stand up, Mr. Myers."

Myers stood up and walked forward to the clerk's desk and stood waiting the next words of the judge.

"You have been indicted," continued

"Cable Cars" remarked the old gentleman, "have shaken everything about me, except my faith in Pond's Extract; nothing could shake that. It's a great remedy."

Accept nothing as "just as good." Genuine Pond's Extract has a buff wrapper and yellow label.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 75 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

Judge Hart, "for murder and have been found guilty. Have you or your counsel anything to say why sentence should not be passed?"

Myers hesitated for an instant. He looked toward his counsel, Mr. Myers, looked back toward Judge Hart and said, falteringly first, and with a kind of husky strain:

"I have only this to say: I am innocent!"

There was a slight pause and Judge Hart went on:

"On that issue," began the judge, when Mr. Myers interrupted him, saying:

"There is nothing I can say, your honor, that will add to the force of what the defendant has just stated."

Judge Hart to the Prisoner. "On that issue," continued Judge Hart, looking squarely at the pale and unmoved countenance of the prisoner, "the jury at the last trial has found against you."

"I believe that you have been properly indicted, I know that you have been ably defended, your trial has been a fair one and I feel that you were justly convicted."

"It only remains for me to pass upon the sentence that the verdict of twelve men makes it necessary for me to pass. As I understand it, this is your second trial. In each instance the jury has found you guilty and has failed to recommend you to life imprisonment. It was the right of the jury to give this recommendation if the jurors saw fit. There has been a failure to do so. Yet there still rests with me the right to give you life imprisonment, as the case is one of circumstantial evidence."

"I have been moved by your youth and by the devotion of your loving little mother, who stood so faithfully by you during the long trial and I have felt for the father who remained with you also."

At these words a gleam of something akin to hope lit up Myers' eyes and he seemed to take a deeper interest in the judge's words. Judge Hart's voice descended to a tone that was full of emotion and tears were in the eyes of many in the courtroom; but Myers was not among the number. The father, in order to hide the grief that must have been tearing at his heart, sat with bowed head and kept his eyes behind his hand.

Believes Myers To Be Guilty. "I have the right to send you to the penitentiary for life," reiterated Judge Hart. "It is a right that is given to judges in order that the law may guard against a possibility of innocence."

"But it is not within the range of possibility that you are innocent from the testimony that was introduced against you."

"I don't know why you did this great wrong. It was through no fault of your raising and your youthful training. I saw that plainly when I looked at the devoted little woman at your side, and I knew that it was not from a lack of gentle kindness and proper rearing that you went astray."

May God Have Mercy Upon Your Soul. Then, in the usual legal terms, Judge Hart sentenced young Myers to be hung in private on August 2d, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, by the sheriff of Fulton county, in the presence of a sufficient number of such friends as Myers might wish to be present and a physician. He concluded by saying:

"And may God have mercy upon your soul!"

Myers bowed and quietly sat down.

A Motion for a New Trial. Mr. W. T. Myers, when Judge Hart had written out the sentence, handed to him a motion for a new trial. It was upon the usual grounds, and set forth that the verdict was contrary to the evidence.

Mr. Myers explained to Judge Hart that it would be impossible to get the records of the last trial before some time next week, and that it would be necessary to have them in order that the defense could proceed with their side of the motion.

Solicitor Hill was called back to the courtroom and conferred with Mr. Myers and Judge Hart on the situation. It was finally decided that the hearing of the motion for a new trial should take place on July 29th.

"You, gentlemen, understand, said Judge Hart, "that I cannot come here to hear the motion for a new trial. I will be in Union Point on the 29th, if that is satisfactory."

Both Mr. Myers and the solicitor agreed to this, and Judge Hart signed the motion for the new trial, setting it for the time stated.

What the Effect Will Be. The effect of the motion for a new trial will be that Myers will not hang on August 2d, but he will be resented and a stay of execution can come only from the governor.

It is almost a foregone conclusion that Judge Hart will refuse to grant a new trial. When he does the case will go to the supreme court. The records will have to be filed with the clerk, and it is not possible that the supreme court can dispose of the case until the latter part of August or early fall.

Attorney Myers Is Still Confident. Mr. W. T. Myers has never believed that Myers will be hung. He believes now that the supreme court will grant him a new trial and has a faith of a most abiding nature in the innocence of Myers. It is possible that he has taken that view of the case so long, and so earnestly that he has come to regard it as an absolute fact, but, be that as it may, he talks with the manner of one who knows what he is speaking of and believes in it firmly.

"I do not believe that Myers will ever hang," he said, speaking of the case. "This is innocent of the crime that is charged against him, and I do not believe that the Almighty will permit a guilty man to escape and let an innocent one pay the penalty."

"Do you think that you will get a new trial for your client?" was asked.

"I certainly do," replied Mr. Myers. "I believe that the supreme court will take the proper view of the last trial, and will give us the new trial that we should have. I do not care to say now just what our specific grounds will be, but they will be made known at the proper time."

With a Spirit of Confidence. Myers has that same confidence that is expressed in the words of his attorney, Mr. W. T. Myers—the man who, almost single-handed, has fought the case in its every phase.

The young man still refuses, under the instructions of his attorney, to talk of his case to newspaper men, but on his way to jail yesterday from the courthouse he spoke to one of the balliffs in charge.

"Myers, do you really think that you are going to get a new trial?" asked one of the balliffs.

"Yes," replied Myers quickly. "My attorneys will get me one, for they said they would."

Then, according to those in charge of him, Myers chatted and laughed about other matters. More and more each day his conduct is becoming a greater puzzle and less easy of comprehension.

When he returned to his cell he took up the routine just where he left it off when he went to court to be sentenced. If he discusses his trial at all it is with Chisolm, who is his constant attendant, though on the outside of his cell.

Sumter's Progressive Farmers. Sumter, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—It is a fact worthy of notice that more country produce was offered for sale in Americus Saturday than on any Saturday for a twelvemonth.

A liberal supply of either corn, oats, fruit, chickens, butter, eggs, honey and various other things, for which ready sale was found. There were hundreds of fine, fat chickens, while one wagon was loaded with country hams and bacon.

Sumter's farmers have learned the lesson of living at home and living well, with a surplus

FOUND IN THE RIVER

The Dead Body of an Unknown White Man Discovered.

WAS THE DEAD MAN JOHN SMITH?

The Body Had Been in the Water for Many Days, and There Was a Bullet Hole in the Head—Coroner Notified.

Lying on the muddy bottom of the Chattahoochee, the body of an unknown white man was discovered yesterday by a party of fishermen.

The body was badly decomposed, and from all appearances it had been in the water for many days, possibly weeks. The mud of the stream had almost hidden the body from view, and it was by the merest chance that it was found.

The find was made at Pumpkintown ferry, about seventeen miles below the Chattahoochee brick camps, and about five miles below Campbelltown ferry. A party of fishermen were selling the river, and one of the crowd stooped to disengage the net, which had become entangled in the water, the body was discovered.

In a short time a large crowd had gathered. No one knew the man, and it would have been a difficult matter to have identified the unfortunate victim, as the features were almost totally destroyed by the action of the water.

Coroner Mitchell, of Douglas county, was notified, and an inquest will be held this morning. The entire neighborhood is intensely excited, and many theories as to the identity of the man have been advanced. No one is missing in that locality, and the opinion is that the dead man is possibly the missing money lender of this city, John S. Smith.

The body had not been identified last night, and the mystery has not been solved. Upon an examination, a bullet hole was found in the forehead, and it is apparent that the man was shot and then thrown into the river, where it was supposed that the secret would be safe.

Is It Smith? As soon as the crowd assembled, many were of the opinion that the dead man was John S. Smith, the missing money lender, who disappeared from this city more than a month ago.

The body showed that it had been in the water for some length of time. The bullet that was fired into the man's brain, no doubt, caused instant death, and into the muddy stream the body was cast to hide the deed.

The place where the find was made is just that spot that would be selected for the accomplishing of a foul deed. The water of the stream is very muddy, and anything that was made by the water of the river would certainly seem to be safe from all discovery. The place is secluded, and the swamp dense and thick. No one ever approaches the spot except fishermen.

It will be remembered that John Smith left this city under mysterious circumstances, and though the most careful search has been made by the detectives and the description of the man sent broadcast, no trace has ever been discovered.

For a time it was supposed that the body of Smith would be found in the waterworks lake, and that body of water was dragged, but without resulting in finding any clue. It was the opinion of the missing man's family that he had been foully dealt with, and they have clung to that theory all the while.

Across the country, it is only about eighteen miles to Pumpkintown ferry from this city, and as it is reported that Smith left on an East Tennessee train going west, the theory advanced by the fishermen is very plausible indeed. The news of the find has spread like wild fire in the community in which it occurred, and scores of people have visited the place where the body was placed upon the banks.

The fact that no one knows the man whose body was found, and that the body was dragged, and goes to strengthen the theory that it may be the body of John Smith.

The Coroner Goes to the Scene. As soon as the body was discovered, Coroner Mitchell, of Douglas county, was notified, and he at once repaired to the scene. As the place is far remote from a telegraph station, and there is no means of communication, the result of the finding of the coroner's jury could not be ascertained. It was very late when the coroner started for the scene, and no news was received as to what the verdict was.

Attacks Bishop Turner. From The New York Sun. Bishop Henry McNeil Turner, of Georgia, has got back from his third trip to Africa. He has spent three months on the west coast in the cotton trade, and about \$4,500 of the missionary money of the Methodist Episcopal church. He has had lots of fun. He has enjoyed it. He proposes to have more of it. Bishop Turner always begins his talk when he reaches New York harbor and keeps it up until he reaches Atlanta, where he has his bed and board. He wants all the Afro-Americans to go to Africa, where they can be made into a nation. He says that he does not want to go as "scullions." The Sun reporter has become convinced from extensive observations in the southern states since last November that there are a great many Afro-Americans in the south Africa. They are at a weight upon the necks of those members of their race who are proving themselves equal to the new conditions of freedom, opportunity, self-reliance and self-respect, who don't prove themselves equal to the new conditions. They are being ground to powder in the new industrialism of the south; in Africa they would release into barbarism. Their condition is sad and excites the pity of all compassionate people, but pity does not buy bread. These are the people who listen to Bishop Turner, and ought to, as they are the "scullion" class.

Diffuse Help! In this way. When you see how Pearline has helped you, tell others and let it help them. Where a woman is trying to do housework in the old, hard-working, rubbing way, it's actual charity to tell her about Pearline. Perhaps she uses it for scrubbing, washing dishes, etc., but can't believe that in washing clothes it can save so much work and wear without doing harm.

Your personal experience might convince her. That would help Pearline, to be sure—but think how much more it would help her, by saving time and strength and real money. JAMES PYLE, N.Y.

Quick Time State Springs. By the perfected schedules of the Southern railway, quick time is now made to State Springs. Leave Atlanta 11:15 p. m., via Chattanooga and Morristown, you reach State Springs for dinner next day. This is a good schedule and should increase travel to the ever popular State Springs. Sleepers open in Atlanta at 9:30 p. m.

Yellowstone Park Season. Ends October 1st. The grandest outing spot in the world—mountains, lakes, canyons, geysers, hot springs, buffaloes, elk—send 6 cents for tourist book to Chas. S. Fee, general passenger agent Northern Pacific railroad, St. Paul, Minn.

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AN ARKANSAS LAWYER

RECOMMENDS King's Royal Germetuer

FOR

Chronic Catarrh,

Indigestion and

Nervous Diseases.

Mr. J. R. Taylor, Paragould, Ark., says, June 19, 1895: "I have been a sufferer from chronic catarrh for many years. I was advised to try King's Royal Germetuer, and I find that it has given me great relief. I can recommend it to any sufferer from catarrh as being a most excellent remedy. I find it to be also an excellent remedy for indigestion and all nervous diseases, and it is very pleasant to take."

NEW MAP OF ATLANTA. Embracing the Cotton States and International exposition grounds, the new seventh ward (West End), Inman Park, routes of all the railroads and electric street cars, and ward boundaries, limit lines and other necessary information.

Especially prepared and copyrighted by Mr. E. B. Latham, civil engineer, for John M. Miller, publishing agent. The map is folded in convenient pocket size and enclosed in neat covers. Price 25 cents. For sale at the John M. Miller book store, 59 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

PERSONAL. C. J. Daniel, wallpaper, window shades, furniture and room molding, 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

A Hunting Trip. Is as important to many a man as a meal of victuals. Where to go nowadays is not an easy matter for many to determine. A little book called "Natural Game Preserves of North America," just published by the Northern Pacific railroad, will aid you in this. Send Chas. S. Fee, general passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn., 4 cents in stamps and he will send it.

Cheap Rates to Macon via Central Railroad. Georgia peach carnival, Macon, Ga., July 1st to 20th, 1895. For this occasion the Central railway will sell excursion tickets to Macon at the rate of one fare for the round trip on July 5th, 10th, 15th, 17th and 19th, limited returning five days from date of sale, and 4 cents per mile for the round trip on July 5th, 10th, 15th, 17th, 19th, 21st and 23rd, limited returning seven days from date of sale. The Central is the only line with three trains daily between Atlanta and Macon, carrying elegant parlor cars and running into the union depot at Macon. For tickets and full information apply at 16 Wall street or union depot. July 2-7.

\$12 to Baltimore and Return. The Southern railway announces the very low round trip rate of \$12 from Atlanta to Baltimore and return July 16th and 17th. The tickets will be good on all trains, including the western and eastern passenger agent, A. A. Verney, passenger agent Southern railway, Atlanta, Ga. June 27-31, July 1-15.

Restaurant, cafe and lunch rooms. 16 Whitehall and 14 East Alabama streets. Regular meals 25 cents. Our specialties in luncheon, steak, chops, French coffee, whipped cream, small steak, potatoes, corn muffins, hot rolls and coffee, 15 cents, served daily. A la carte orders at moderate prices. Every thing in season. Prompt service. Under new management. Be sure and call at Vignaux's. June 2-11.

Half Rate to Boston and Return. On July 6th, 7th, and 8th the Southern railway will sell round trip tickets to Boston, Mass., at the rate of one fare for the round trip from Atlanta. These tickets are via Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, which points stop-overs will be allowed by the Pennsylvania railroad. Tickets good on the vestibule limited trains of the Southern railway. July 6.

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ATLANTA WON AGAIN

Evansville Takes Another Game and the Tie Continues.

NASHVILLE DID NOT GET A GAME

Thursday's Game Will Be a Big One with Little Rock-Horners Done More Good Work.

Club	Played	Won	Lost	Per Ct.
Atlanta	10	6	4	.600
Evansville	10	6	4	.600
Nashville	10	4	6	.400
Memphis	10	4	6	.400
Little Rock	10	4	6	.400
Chattanooga	10	4	6	.400
New Orleans	10	4	6	.400
Montgomery	10	4	6	.400

Club	Played	Won	Lost	Per Ct.
Boston	10	6	4	.600
Baltimore	10	6	4	.600
St. Louis	10	6	4	.600
Cleveland	10	6	4	.600
Chicago	10	6	4	.600
Philadelphia	10	6	4	.600
Brooklyn	10	6	4	.600
New York	10	6	4	.600
Washington	10	6	4	.600
St. Louis	10	6	4	.600
Louisville	10	6	4	.600

Nearly a thousand people went out to the ball park yesterday afternoon to see the first of the series with Memphis.

And they all saw one of the most desperate slugger matches the season has produced.

It was the first time the Memphis team has been here since the change in management and Charley Frank was given quite an ovation as he came upon the ground.

All of the old players, too, were present and they were all in good condition.

The game, however, was a walk-over for Atlanta and was enjoyed by the great throng.

The bat and the ball were constantly clashing and the holders Manager Frank was quite well worn with the sprinting he put up during the game.

Manager Frank demonstrated the fact himself that he knew how to get over the ground and was never satisfied unless chasing after some of the long drives some of the players made.

Horner went into the box for Atlanta and pitched a fine article of ball. He was given excellent support, too, and at the end of the fourth inning so well in hand that he took Horner out and put Norton in.

The score at the close of the game was as follows:

Club	ab.	bb.	sb.	po.	a.	e.
Atlanta	2b	...	...	...	...	...
Evansville	...	...	...	...	...	...

Score by innings:

Inning	Atlanta	Evansville
1	0	0
2	0	0
3	0	0
4	0	0
5	0	0
6	0	0
7	0	0
8	0	0
9	0	0
Total	0	0

The teams will play again today. The following is the position of the players:

Position	Atlanta	Evansville
Pitcher	Horner	McCaughy
Catcher	Wentz	McCaughy
First Base	Wentz	McCaughy
Second Base	Wentz	McCaughy
Third Base	Wentz	McCaughy
Left Field	Wentz	McCaughy
Right Field	Wentz	McCaughy

Evansville Defeats New Orleans.

Evansville, Ind., July 1.—Evansville's crack pitcher, Ed Wright, yesterday afternoon, and the visitors came near winning. Two errors on the part of the New Orleans team lost them the game in the last two innings.

Now for the Fourth.

The Little Rocks will be here on the Fourth and the indications are that there will be an immense crowd out to see the game. It is known that one excursion is coming down the Western and Atlantic coming on that day and that the Georgia will have another apart from its regular Fourth of July trains.

Marshall Will Play Columbus.

On Thursday morning Marshall and his Atlanta club team will leave for Columbus to play the Columbus club a series of games. Marshall has some fine players with him this season. The majority of his men are well known in Columbus. Marshall has many friends there, and so have "Pup" Key, Bob Lawshe, Billie Turner, Renny Coppedge, Glenn Stone, Craig and Legor. These players played with Marshall in 1888, when Columbus was in the state league.

National League Games.

Club	Played	Won	Lost	Per Ct.
Brooklyn	10	6	4	.600
New York	10	6	4	.600
Baltimore	10	6	4	.600
St. Louis	10	6	4	.600
Cleveland	10	6	4	.600
Chicago	10	6	4	.600
Philadelphia	10	6	4	.600
Brooklyn	10	6	4	.600
New York	10	6	4	.600
Baltimore	10	6	4	.600
St. Louis	10	6	4	.600
Cleveland	10	6	4	.600
Chicago	10	6	4	.600
Philadelphia	10	6	4	.600

The Blessings of a Pure, Healing Soap

can only be fully realized by using

Pine Blossom Soap

Absolutely pure, medicated, antiseptic. It soothes and heals all inflammation or redness of the skin, removes blackheads, pimples, gives health and beauty. A modern family necessity.

Price 25 cents.

FOSTER MEDICINE CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Warner, Foreman, Parrott and Vaughn. Game called on account of darkness.

At Cleveland, July 1.—R.H.E. Cleveland, 10; 122110000-0-11 4. Batteries—Young and Zimmer; Hart and Merritt.

At Chicago, July 1.—R.H.E. Chicago, 10; 23600000-0-11 4. Batteries—Terry, Thornton and Donohue; Breitenstein and Peltz.

Around the Bases.

Anderson, the Atlanta amateur who was signed by Ab Powell, played a great game at short for New Orleans, accepting six chances without an error.

Manager Ab Powell has swapped the pitcher who was hit so hard by the Atlanta last Monday, for Sechrist, of Chattanooga.

Louisville wants Shortstop Peoples, of the Montgomery team. Peoples is a good shortstop, and did some excellent work while here.

The Chicago and Phillies are the hardest hitting teams and Baltimore and Boston are the cleanest fielding teams.

The Cincinnati Reds narrowly escaped a shutout from the hands of the Louisville. Southpaw Bert Inks was the cause. The old Baltimorean laid the Reds down with only six hits.

Pitcher McMahon, of Baltimore, is going to pitch again. His arm is about well and Hanlon is going to give him another trial.

YESTERDAY'S RACING.

Fair Attendance, but a Heavy Track at Sheepshead Bay.

Sheepshead Bay Race Track, L. I., July 1. The weather was fairly good for racing purposes here today, but the attendance was not very large.

The principal event of the day was the race for the June stakes. Hasket was added, and was made a 1-to-2 favorite. The race was merely a gallop for him.

He led from flag to finish, and won as he pleased. Three favorites, two second places and one third choice were finished.

First race, for three-year-olds and upward, Futurity course, Werneburg won, time 1:30. Second race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile and sixteenth, Ramapo won, time 2:35. Third race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile, Hasket won, time 1:40. Fourth race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile, Hasket won, time 1:40. Fifth race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile, Hasket won, time 1:40. Sixth race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile, Hasket won, time 1:40. Seventh race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile, Hasket won, time 1:40. Eighth race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile, Hasket won, time 1:40. Ninth race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile, Hasket won, time 1:40. Tenth race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile, Hasket won, time 1:40.

First race, five furlongs, Brisk, 122; Del Corbado, 120; Baystone, 117 and Yankee Doodle, 113 each; Anna Sweet, 115; Emotional, 113 each; Loyal Prince, 110 each; selling—Daily America, 114; Song and Dance, 109; Candelabra, 108; Paladino, 107. Third race, Vernal stakes, five furlongs—Florida, 122; Axiom, 120; Seligson, Inter-Love, Cassatt, Annalyte, Gismondia, Dulcie, Marquette, Floer, Bessie, Browning, Belle Amie and Lavetta, 107 each; Navaho, 96. Fourth race, one mile, maidens—Illusion, 112; Primrose, The Swan, Gladys, Pteail and Halton, 99 each; Navaho, 96. Fifth race, long island handicap, mile and an eighth—Ramapo, 127; Lazarone, 122; Sir Walter, 122; Patricia, 108; Lazarone, 107; Peacekeeper, 106; Sister Mary and Bathampton, 105 each; Redskin and Fat Byrnes, 104 each; Belvedere, 100; Song and Dance, 98. Sixth race, six furlongs, on turf—Wah Jim, 114; Hurlingham, 113; Dertargia, 110; Lustre and Doggett, 108 each; Captain T. and Redskin, 105 each; Manchester, 95; Chickwick, 94; Samaritan and Lochiey, 93 each; Rats, 91; Irish Lass, 87.

At Oakley.

Oakley, O., July 1.—Monday is not a good racing day this season, but the attendance at the Oakley races was good. There were six events on the card, but the handicap was declared off as but four accepted.

First race, five furlongs, selling, Hallie Gay won, Daisy Furlongs second, Donna Del third, time 1:06. Second race, six furlongs, selling, Ondage won, Sister Jane second, B. Cox third, time 1:20. Third race, five furlongs, Frontier won, Royal Choice second, Bidkel third, time 1:06. Fourth race declared off. Fifth race, one mile, selling, Enthusiast won, Grannan second, All Over third, time 1:47. Sixth race, six furlongs, selling, Domingo won, Billy Bennett second, Belle Foster third, time 1:17.

Bicycle vs. Horse.

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 1.—The bicycle race between John S. Johnson, Walter A. Sanger and Harry Tyler will take place here Tuesday at the Comstock park track in conjunction with the Michigan Big Four driving race. The race is for \$1,000, the winner to take all.

Warning to Sanger.

New York, July 1.—A. G. Spalding today telegraphed Walter Sanger, the bicyclist who is at present in Toronto, that the League of American Wheelmen charges him with control of professional bicycle racing and not to ride at Grand Rapids or in any meet unless the same has been sanctioned by Chairman Gideon.

Johnson Defeats Sanger.

Toronto, Ontario, July 1.—Johnson defeated Sanger and Tyler in two straight heats at the island track this afternoon. Sanger was a close second in each heat.

IN THE LOCAL FIELD.

Tom Rollinson was arraigned in recorder's court yesterday morning charged with disorderly conduct, and was fined \$15 for the offense by Acting Recorder Councilman Inman.

Councilman Hugh Inman presided over the city police court yesterday, and during his session he set a precedent that he adhered to by his successors on the bench, will create consternation among the habitués and regular patrons of that famous institution of justice, Mr. Inman assessed a number of fines which could not be understood by the array of unfortunates, it being difficult to explain to them that their fines were \$2.75 in addition to the 75 cents case of each case. Hereafter the fines are to be \$1 up. Mr. Inman showed an entire understanding of the duties and privileges of the recorder's chair, and he dispensed justice swiftly and well.

Miss Bertha Henderson, who was shocked to unconsciousness by a flash of lightning Saturday night, was much better yesterday, but has not yet regained consciousness. She recognized her mother yesterday, who was the first person she spoke to since the unfortunate accident. The physicians are doing all in their power to bring the young lady out of her unfortunate condition. Mrs. Henderson, who was shocked at the same time, was able to be out yesterday. Mrs. Henderson and daughter are the guests of Mr. John Henderson, for many years cashier of Polson's restaurant.

Turnkey Cooper, of the morning watch, who has been absent from the city for several days on a vacation, returned yesterday and took up his duties at the station house last night. He is much improved in health and reports a pleasant time while away. Patrolman Kilpatrick, who has been performing his duties while the latter was away, took up his regular duties last night.

Chief of Police Connolly has completed an inventory of the defective uniforms which were recently ordered in and notified the number of pieces held subject to their order. Something over eighty uniforms showed dereliction and the fight between the city and the Philadelphia firm will be for the payment of the new developments in the matter in the last few days with the above exception.

Mrs. M. Heyman and two children, of Brunswick, Ga., in the city, the guests of Mrs. Heyman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Elias, at 15 Yonge street.

RAILROAD TICKETS FORFEITED.

And Commissioner Finley Refuses To Change Dates for Leaguers.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 1.—(Special.)—There is a great deal of consternation here among many of the delegations to the convention of the Epworth leaguers caused by the action of certain railroad authorities concerning the expiration of their tickets, many of them having completely forfeited their cheap-rate tickets by not being willing to have them extended on Sunday, their religious scruples coming into play.

All the railroads in the United States and Canada, with the possible exception of the trunk lines, named a rate of one fare for the round trip from all points to Chattanooga and return, but the conference tickets were sold on June 29th, 29th and 30th, with a final limit of fifteen days. But if the tickets were deposited on or before June 30th with a joint agent of the terminal lines at Chattanooga, the holders could obtain an extension of their tickets for thirty days from the date of sale.

Lines centering here with the view of securing an impartial joint agent, requested Commissioner Finley to name him. He did so and appointed Mr. A. E. Hask, of this place, who was chairman of the local Epworth League committee on transportation here. When the dates were fixed for depositing the tickets the railroad officials claim that it did not occur to them that June 30th, the last day, would be Sunday.

When their attention was called to the helplessness of the Epworth leaguers to deposit their tickets on the Sabbath day, General Passenger Agents Danley, DeSaussure, Benscoter and Harman wired Commissioner Finley the fact to him, and asking him that the joint agent be allowed to receive the tickets for extension on Monday. Commissioner Finley replied that, as the agreement had been made and agreed to by both his association and other foreign lines, he did not feel authorized to grant the extension.

General Passenger Agent Harman left for Atlanta last night, and Messrs. Danley, Benscoter and DeSaussure wired him again today from here, asking him to see the commissioner and urge upon him the necessity of allowing the deposit of the tickets today. Commissioner Finley replied that he could not comply with the request, as he had no authority to do so.

This has caused no end of inconvenience and annoyance to the leaguers, and many of them have been forced to go home sooner than they had arranged, or else purchase new tickets out of town.

The officials of the terminal lines here were very much upset by the ruling of the commissioner, and had they been in possession of authority from foreign lines to do so, they would have given him the ticket to the central agent here to make such a deal as was desired.

W. B. THOMAS HAS RESIGNED.

J. W. Preston Will Be General Manager of the M. G. and A. Railroad.

W. B. Thomas, general manager of the Middle Georgia and Atlantic railroad, has tendered his resignation and a circular has been issued by President Joseph Wood, of that railroad, appointing Mr. Joseph W. Preston to succeed him in the office.

Mr. Thomas has been general manager of the Middle Georgia and Atlantic ever since the railroad was organized, and has done much for the upbuilding of the state by his management.

Mr. Preston has had considerable experience as a railroad man and will doubtless manage the Middle Georgia and Atlantic in the way that will prove the high standard of excellent service.

Mr. Thomas has been in the management of the Middle Georgia and Atlantic in the past, the Middle Georgia and Atlantic is the youngest railroad in the state but has built up a great traffic as the short line has been connected to the south and middle Georgia points.

A RAILROAD BARBECUE.

The Local Force of the Southern Will Go to Roseland.

Roseland is one of the most beautiful suburbs about Atlanta, and is just the spot for a barbecue.

The local force of the freight department of the Southern railway are to be congratulated in having this as the spot where they will hold their second annual barbecue next Thursday, the 4th of July.

The boys have issued invitations to their friends and the train will leave the depot at 11:30 a. m. sharp. Mr. C. C. Martin in charge as master of ceremonies. There will be a most delightful company of railroad men and all the ammunition for a royal good time. It will be a pleasant day in the woods.

THE RATE COMMITTEE TO MEET.

And the Freight Rates Will Once More Be Taken Up by Request.

Tomorrow is the day fixed for the meeting of the rate committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association for the purpose of taking up the fruit rate again.

The meeting was called by Commissioner Stahman, at the bidding of the state railway commissioners, who have decided that the fruit rates are too high.

The fight of the fruit growers came up before the commissioners last week, and so far as the power of the Georgia commission goes the fruit growers won their fight. The railroad commission passed a resolution declaring that the rates were too high and asked Commissioner Stahman to call a meeting of the rate committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association to see if they could not adjust matters to see if a reduction of the rates, and if they fail to do this, the case will be taken to the interstate commerce commission at Washington.

The Georgia commission has not the power to regulate interstate traffic, but it has the power under the law to make the rates as low as it can make them, and against the roads before the interstate commerce commission.

This will probably be the direction that the case of the fruit growers will receive.

Mr. Brown is General Agent of the Southern Railway Company at Washington, D. C., who underwent a surgical operation for appendicitis at Johns Hopkins hospital, Baltimore, Md., a little over a month ago, and has recovered so well that he is carrying on his duties at Washington, where he is improving rapidly and his surgeons say he will be well enough in a short time to resume his duties with the railway company.

Mr. Brown has a host of friends in Atlanta and throughout the south who will be pleased to hear he is on the road to complete recovery.

TO THE BLOCK.

Judge Bruce Orders the Birmingham and Sheffield.

Montgomery, Ala., July 1.—(Special.)—Upon motion of J. J. Altman, of Birmingham, attorney for the contractors and creditors, Judge Bruce, of the United States court, today granted an order for the sale within sixty days of the Birmingham, Sheffield and Tennessee river railroad, running from Jasper to Sheffield, Ala., a distance of eighty miles. The road has been in the hands of a receiver for several years. It is a fine line, splendidly equipped and is doing a good business. The road is to be sold by the receiver, and the bondholders of the Southern railway. If the Southern scope it, it is stated that road will be extended from Sheffield southward to Birmingham without delay. If the Southern scope it, it is stated that road will be extended from Sheffield southward to Birmingham without delay. If the Southern scope it, it is stated that road will be extended from Sheffield southward to Birmingham without delay.

Ordered to Be Sold.

the bondholders against the Birmingham, Sheffield and Tennessee River railroad. The mortgage was foreclosed and the road is to be sold within sixty days. This road is an operation for about 100 miles and runs through the finest mineral section in the state. Of late the road has been operated by a receiver.

DR. PATRICK IS OUT.

There is No Charge Against Him at Gainesville.

Dr. W. G. Patrick, the Marietta street physician, who got into trouble Saturday with a young man from Chicago, and who was sent to the city stockade, was released from the clutches of the law last night by Chief of Police Connolly.

His fine was paid by his wife yesterday and the doctor was brought into the city and it was at first thought that he would be held to await the coming of an officer from Hall county with a warrant charging him with obstructing justice on worthless checks, but Patrick was released on his agreement to appear in Chief Connolly's office this morning to answer anything that may be brought against him by Hall county officers.

Sunday's Constitution contained an account of Dr. Patrick's trouble. He met up with a young man giving him name as Lusk, claiming to be from Chicago, the two meeting in a saloon and soon becoming fast friends. The young man had just arrived in the city and wanted a place where he could make a change of clothing. Dr. Patrick took the young man to his home and there the two new friends became engaged in a fight about a bottle of whiskey. It is said, Lusk left the house and was followed to the street by the physician, where the latter was struck a blow in the face knocking him down. The men were parted and arrested and tried in police court Saturday afternoon.

DEATH OF MR. BROWN.

His Death Occurred Sunday—Will Be Buried This Afternoon.

Mr. Thomas H. Brown, the superintendent of the Brookwood nurseries, died Sunday morning at 7 o'clock, after a brief illness.

Mr. Brown was well known in this city, where he had made many friends. He was twenty-eight years old and apparently enjoyed the best of health. His death will be sad news indeed to his friends, as only a short time ago he was a military figure upon the streets, and few thought that death would claim him so soon. Mr. Brown was born near Belfast, Ireland, and was a true son of Erin.

His interment will be at Oakland.

MARRYING ON THE QUIET.

Two Young Men in Chattanooga Give Their Friends a Surprise.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 1.—(Special.)—All the newspaper men in Chattanooga are trying to marry. Salaries remain below zero, but it is no longer fashionable to be single. Therefore they are all anxious to get in the swim of the matrimonial sea, regardless of expense. Gus Ragland, Edward Hatcher and E. J. Hatcher have been disappointed in love, but Henry Warner and Reeves Wood are in the seventh heaven of happiness. Mr. Warner is on the reportorial staff of The Times. He married Miss Mary Galloway last night at the residence of her father, A. J. Galloway, and deserted his bohemian apartments to-day for a luxurious home with his father-in-law. Nobody knew he was going to do it, and everybody was surprised this morning.

But the biggest surprise came this afternoon when it was announced in the afternoon papers that Reeves Wood, former operator for the Southern Associated Press in Chattanooga, was wedded to Miss Nell Stewart. The wedding was secret. It took place last week ago, on June 17th. Miss Stewart is a dashing brunette beauty, and is said to be an heiress to considerable money and property.

All of the contracting parties are young. Rees of the long range are under twenty and the bride is only sixteen. There are only a few single fellows left in the profession here. They are patiently awaiting a good thing.

INDIANA'S LIQUOR RESTRICTION.

Nicholson Temperance Law Went Into Effect Yesterday.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 1.—The Nicholson temperance act became a law today by proclamation of the governor. In some parts of the state a disposition to resist the provisions of the law is reported, but the Brewers' Association has advised liquor keepers to observe the law until the supreme court has passed on it. The law places all saloons on the ground floor, abolishes all musical features and separates such from any other business, taken down the screens and defeats a license application on the petition of a majority of the residents of the ward.

MR. STEPHENS QUITE ILL.

His Condition at a Late Hour Last Night Was Unchanged.

Mr. J. M. Stephens, general manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company, is quite ill at his home in West End. He is suffering from a disease of the hip and has been confined to his room for several days. While his condition is not precarious, he is suffering much pain, and it may be several days before he will be able to be out again.

It was thought during the day that an operation was necessary, but the knife was not further developments occurred.

Late last night his condition was unchanged and he was a very sick man. He has been suffering for years on account of his hip being diseased, but it has never been thought to be so serious as of late. His many friends hope for his speedy restoration to health.

Mr. Stephens has been connected with the Western Union Telegraph Company for many years and is well known throughout the state.

Miss Lizzie Winslow.

Macon, Ga., July 1.—(Special.)—Miss Mary Lizzie Winslow, the lovely seventeen-year-old daughter of Mrs. Emory Winship, died this afternoon of typhoid fever. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon.

False Statements and Misrepresentations.

Corruption does not exist in politics alone. The time was when people were shocked to hear that such conditions prevailed in politics, but worse than all else is the fact that this evil should be carried into the drug business and the sick be made to suffer in consequence thereof. For various reasons dealers allow themselves to be persuaded to stock up medicines of all sorts to be sold to the sick on the representation that they are just the same as Simmonds Liver Regulator. A greater outrage has not been perpetrated upon the people. This has been the experience of many who have been duped by these false statements. Take only the old friend, Simmonds Liver Regulator, with the red Z on every package, and you'll get the medicine that did the old folks so much good in bygone days. It has been kept up as their inheritance to the present generation.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

All creditors of the estate of Aquila J. Cheney, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their debt and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

EDMUND W. MARTIN, Executors Estate of Aquila J. Cheney, July 2 9 15 35 augs

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IT WAS LONG DRAWN

A Session of the General Council Held Yesterday Afternoon.

THERE WERE SEVERAL ELECTIONS

One or Two Old Officeholders Are Beaten—A New Office Is Created.

The general council spent two hours in making new city officials yesterday afternoon.

The chamber was thronged with people who were interested in the result of the elections to take place long before Mayor Pro Tem. Broyles called the body to order.

Hon. Park Woodward, ex-city clerk, was at the clerk's desk, but the face of Mr. Charles Rice, that excellent deputy, was missing from the working post for the first time in years. In front of that desk sat Mr. J. W. Phillips, the new clerk, while the other was occupied by his deputy, Mr. George Forbes. They were both attentive watchers and listeners and before the session was over both knew lots more about the workings of a city clerk than ever before.

To the roll call there was a response from every member of the body and as the last member, Mr. Nelms, of the seventh, responded, Mr. Hirsch secured the floor, saying:

I move, your honor, that we suspend the rules and go into the election of the officers scheduled for this afternoon. I see the mayor is here and the sooner we get at it the better it will be for us all.

The motion prevailed and as Mayor Pro Tem. Broyles left the chair for a seat on the floor Mayor King took the chair and called for nominations for recorder. Mr. Nelms was recognized though several members arose for the purpose of presenting a candidate.

Andy Calhoun Named.

"I know, your honor," said Mr. Nelms, "what these gentlemen who tried to secure the election of the chair wanted. They wanted to place in nomination for the place of recorder, the same gentleman I shall name. He is one of the best qualified and best equipped men in the city for the arduous work that is required, and we should elect him and I think without opposition. I refer to the Hon. Andy Calhoun, who is now recorder and whose administration has never been beaten in the history of Atlanta."

Quite a number of the members had a kind, complimentary word to say about Judge Calhoun, as they seconded the nomination. The clerk made the roll call and every one of the nineteen votes was recorded for Judge Calhoun.

"The next on the list," said the mayor, "is the election of two tax assessors. The terms of Mr. Meador and Mr. Malone expire and the election of their successors is now in order. How will you have the election? One at a time, or both at once?"

Mr. Tolbert moved that both assessors be elected at the same time and the motion was adopted.

Mr. Harman placed in nomination Charles Meador, who has been in the office for many years, and in doing so paid him a nice compliment on account of his good work.

"And I desire," said Mr. Colvin, "to place before this body the name of one of the oldest employees of the city government. He has been tried in many places and has never yet been found wanting. I mean Mr. Tom Malone, who is now in the assessor's office as one of the three assessors."

A New Name Put Forward.

"If they are all done," said Mr. Howell, "I would like to name a man who is most eminently fitted for the place. It is Mr. Gaines Chisholm, one of the best equipped men in the city for the place."

The nominations closed and the voting began. There was but one ballot, and it resulted in the election of Mr. Meador and Mr. Chisholm. The vote stood: Meador 15, Chisholm 12, Malone 10. Mayor King declared Messrs. Meador and Chisholm elected city assessors for the next two years, and then asked for nominations for chief of the fire department.

Mr. Welch, of the second, placed before the house the name of Chief Joyner, after a lengthy silence, and was greeted with a smile all around when he did it. The roll call gave every vote to Chief Joyner.

"A city messenger comes next," said the clerk.

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yesterday, and it was done by Dr. M. C. Martin. Mr. Miller presented Dr. Powell's name, while Mr. Harman nominated Dr. Martin. Dr. Martin got ten votes, while his opponent took the other nine.

There were four candidates in the fifth, but only three of them got votes. Dr. E. Y. Pierce, Dr. Allen Johnson, Dr. A. L. Harris and Dr. J. V. M. Cain were named as the candidates. Dr. Pierce got three votes, Dr. Johnson fifteen, and Dr. Cain one.

Dr. N. O. Harris in the sixth ward had no opposition and went right back into the place for two years quite nicely.

Dr. Campbell was presented by Mr. Nelms, of the seventh ward, and like Dr. Harris, had a walk-over.

Jackson, the janitor, was re-elected without opposition.

An Assistant Attorney Named.

"Now the city attorney can notify you of the appointment he has made as his assistant," said the mayor.

Here is a communication from the city attorney," said the clerk taking a letter from the table.

It was addressed to the mayor and general council, and was opened and read. The paper simply stated that City Attorney

Assistant City Attorney Westmoreland did not think that the city would be liable. Mr. Howell urged that the matter be reopened again so that those who did not like it could be heard, while Mr. Carter opposed touching the question again, claiming that the grant had once been made and that the city had no right to interfere, especially as Mr. Woodward had gone ahead with his work, which was costing him money every day and which had cost him quite a little sum already. He declared that the city attorney was wrong when he said that the city would not be responsible for any damages. Mr. Carter showed that Mr. Woodward contemplated putting in a big mill there and that it would give employment to a large number of men. Mr. Nelms wanted the matter repealed so that both sides might be heard. On the motion to repeal the former action the yeas and nays were requested and resulted 5 for it and 13 against it.

A petition from the people living in that section opposing the grant which had been made was read, and upon motion of Mr. Harman was referred to the street committee, before whom both sides can go again.

Water for the Exposition.

Judge Hillyer, president of the water board, handed in a paper showing the progress made by the water board in securing a company for water on the exposition grounds and for the filling of the large lake. The papers gave a complete history of the work.

Mr. Howell thought that the trade should be made so that the exposition company could get all the water needed for its lake and for any other purposes and moved that the entire matter be referred to the city attorney, the city engineer and the chairman of the board of water commissioners.

That Venable Opinion.

"Now, if I may be heard," said Mr. Nelms, "I move that we take from the table the motion placing on the table the opinion of the city attorney relative to Mr. Venable's eligibility. I do so in order that we may have that opinion read."

"But the city attorney isn't here," remarked some one, discovering that Judge Anderson was not in the council chamber.

On the motion to take the opinion of the city attorney from the table the vote stood nine to nine.

"The chair votes aye," said Mayor Pro Tem. Broyles.

"Now move," said Mr. Harman, "that we table the matter again."

The motion was lost by a vote of eleven to eight.

"I move," said Mr. Campbell, "that we postpone the matter until next Tuesday."

The motion was adopted.

R. O. Campbell filed a complaint with the clerk about the billboard on top of the Bell building at the corner of Broad and Marietta streets.

The balance of the annual appropriation was shown by the balance sheet to be \$1,234,725.

To Light the Station House.

Mr. Harman, chairman of the electric light committee, presented a paper recommending that the city make a contract with the Georgia Electric Light Company to light police headquarters for \$1,000 a year. The report was adopted.

The committee reported the result of the last meeting of the general council was shown to be \$25,556.46.

The finance committee reported the result of the last meeting of the committee was shown to be \$25,556.46.

Mr. Campbell, chairman of the sanitary committee, showed that the time for testing the crematory was agreed upon when it was contracted for and had expired and that it was time to let the city to let the machine and pay for it as provided for in the contract or to say that the crematory was not suitable and thereby deny the contract.

The report of the committee was adopted.

A special committee, composed of Mr. Welch of the second, Mr. Harman and Mr. Day, appointed to go over the books of the city marshal, city clerk, and city collector, before the change took place in the office, reported that the examination had been made and that the books were found in good shape.

Open Till 12 O'clock.

On the petition of W. B. Cannon and others to be allowed to keep the billiard and poolrooms open to 12 o'clock at night the police committee made a favorable report.

"That law as it stands is an ordinance and it will take an ordinance to change it. That is merely the report of the committee on a petition."

"Well," said Mr. Welch, of the fifth, "I move that it be referred to the ordinance committee with instructions for that committee to draw an ordinance changing the hours from 10 to 12 o'clock."

Mr. Campbell declared that he was opposed to changing the law in any way, but he was by the vote instructed to draw an ordinance to be submitted to the general council at the next meeting changing the law so that the billiard and poolrooms can keep open until midnight just as they do now in a hotel.

Mr. Nelms was for the change and said that he thought it ought to be done as soon as possible. Mr. Harman declared that if the ordinance was defeated he would introduce an ordinance closing the billiard and poolrooms about the hotels at 10 o'clock at night, just as they are required to do now.

An ordinance was adopted authorizing the city to keep open the billiard and poolrooms on Auburn avenue from midnight to 12 o'clock at night at an estimated cost of \$1,500.

NEW ASSISTANT CITY ATTORNEY.

Mr. George Westmoreland Succeeds Mr. Fulton Colville.

In the general shuffle that occurred yesterday afternoon, Mr. George Westmoreland, one of the brightest members of the Atlanta bar, was appointed by City Attorney Anderson as assistant city attorney.

The appointment was ratified by council unanimously and the new assistant city



MR. GEORGE WESTMORELAND. The Newly Appointed Assistant City Attorney.

attorney will enter into the discharge of his duties at once.

The retiring assistant city attorney is Mr. Fulton Colville, who for more than two years has held that place. He declined re-election and his name was therefore not considered for reappointment. Anderson as among those eligible to serve.

This announcement was made by Mr. Colville last December. He was interviewed at some length and gave in full his reasons for saying that he would not be a candidate for reappointment. When in office he made a splendid record and has worked hard and faithfully on every duty that has faced him in his official career.

When he accepted the office he was a very young man and was probably the youngest assistant city attorney that Atlanta has ever had. He is a forceful speaker and a man of splendid attainments, and has friends by the score in this city, which has been his home for many years. He will enter into the practice of law by himself, though it is understood that he has an offer to join a well known firm as junior partner.

Assistant City Attorney George Westmoreland is a young man who has made wonderful headway since he selected Atlanta as his home. He is a South Carolinian. He was admitted to the bar in that state in 1879 and practiced in South Car-

olina until 1891. It was in 1891 that he came to Atlanta to take his brother's practice. The brother was Judge T. P. Westmoreland, now judge of the city court, criminal branch.

It was in 1893 that the firm of Goodwin & Westmoreland was formed and it is probable that they have as large a practice as any other firm in the city. It was through his affiliation with Mr. John B. Goodwin that Mr. Westmoreland was appointed assistant solicitor. When Mayor Goodwin was in office he appointed Judge Anderson as his successor.

The salary attaching to the office of assistant city attorney is \$2,400 per annum.

GENERAL P. M. B. YOUNG HERE.

He Left in the Afternoon for North Georgia To Visit His Old Home.

The many Atlanta friends of General Pierce M. B. Young, United States minister to Guatemala and Honduras, were glad to see him yesterday, which was the first time in two years.

The gallant general came to Atlanta early in the morning from Washington, having gone to the national capital from Guatemala by way of San Francisco. He is on his vacation and proposes to spend most of the time in the mountains of north Georgia. He left yesterday afternoon for Kingston, where he will visit his sister, who lives there. Then he will return to Atlanta and later go to his old home in Cartersville to spend most of his vacation. He gives some glowing descriptions of the country to the south of us, but says he was more than glad to be once more upon the old red hills of the state of his hope and home.

He has not been very well lately and went by way of San Francisco in order to enjoy the sea voyage. From San Francisco he went to Washington to attend to some important business, and came from there to Atlanta.

He is looking well and is as jovial as ever.

Southern Railway Mileage Tickets.

The Southern railway has issued a circular making the two-thousand-mile tickets of the Southern railway good over that portion of the line formerly known as the Atlanta and Florida railway. Southern railway cross baggage tickets will also be good over the Atlanta and Florida.

July 22

Men's Fixings

FOR

Hot Weather

A. O. M. GAY & SON

18 Whitehall.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

WEATHER SYNOPSIS AND FORECAST

The observations made by the weather bureau last night showed an area of high pressure over the Gulf of Florida, and an area of low pressure central over the northwest. The "low" in the northwest is of no violence; no wind or rain has, as yet, been developed in that vicinity from the weather yesterday was mostly cloudy, accompanied by frequent showers. Rains were reported throughout the entire cotton belt, both yesterday and Sunday. The highest temperatures reported were from Texas and Florida, where the mercury reached 84 degrees.

For Georgia today: Fair preceded by showers in early morning.

Local Report for July 1, 1895.

Mean daily temperature... 77
Normal temperature... 75
Highest in 24 hours... 85
Lowest in 24 hours... 69
Rainfall, 24 hours to 7 p. m... .69
Deficiency of rainfall since January 1st... 23

STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER.

SOUTHEAST—

Atlanta, Ga., pt. cloudy... 30.04/75 18 .04/55
Augusta, Ga., pt. cloudy... 30.06/82 18 .04/58
Charlotte, N. C., cloudy... 29.98/72 17 .04/56
Jacksonville, Fla., cloudy... 30.10/84 17 .04/54
Knoxville, Tenn., rain... 30.02/68 17 .04/52
Mobile, Ala., clear... 30.10/82 17 .04/58
Montgomery, Ala., cloudy... 30.08/72 18 .04/58
Pensacola, Fla., clear... 30.10/80 16 .04/54
Savannah, Ga., clear... 30.04/80 12 .04/50
Tampa, Fla., part. cloudy... 30.14/74 17 .35/52
Wilmington, N. C., clear... 29.92/80 12 .04/58

SOUTHWEST—

Austin, Tex., clear... 29.94/76 18 .04/50
Corpus Christi, Tex., clear... 29.94/76 18 .04/50
Fort Smith, Ark., cloudy... 29.98/80 18 .04/58
Galveston, Tex., cloudy... 30.04/82 18 .04/58
Memphis, Tenn., cloudy... 30.02/76 18 .04/58
Meridian, Miss., cloudy... 30.08/78 18 .04/58
New Orleans, La., clear... 30.10/82 10 .04/50
Palestine, Tex., cloudy... 30.06/74 12 .04/50
San Antonio, Tex., p. cldy... 29.94/86 14 .04/54
Victoria, Miss., cloudy... 30.02/74 6 .04/50

NORTHEAST—

Baltimore, Md., clear... 29.98/70 17 .04/52
Buffalo, N. Y., clear... 29.98/70 17 .04/52
Cincinnati, O., clear... 30.04/78 18 .04/58
Detroit, Mich., clear... 30.08/84 8 .04/74
Lynchburg, Va., clear... 30.02/84 12 .04/50
New York, N. Y., pt. cldy... 29.96/72 10 .04/76
Portland, Me., clear... 29.96/70 10 .42/80

NORTHWEST—

Chicago, Ill., clear... 30.10/82 18 .04/56
Denver, Col., part. cloudy... 29.98/72 18 .04/76
Dodge City, Kan., cloudy... 29.96/72 18 .04/76
Huron, S. D., part. cloudy... 29.94/80 18 .04/54
Kansas City, Mo., p. cldy... 30.08/74 17 .04/76
North Platte, Neb., p. cldy... 29.98/74 16 .04/78
Omaha, Neb., cloudy... 30.04/78 17 .04/82
Rapid City, S. D., p. cldy... 29.98/80 10 .04/56
St. Louis, Mo., p. cldy... 29.94/80 13 .04/84
St. Paul, Minn., clear... 30.04/74 6 .04/80

WEATHER FORECAST FOR Tuesday.

Virginia—Fair; warmer; westerly winds.
Tennessee—Fair Tuesday, preceded by showers early in the morning; warmer; variable winds becoming southerly.
North Carolina—Fair, preceded by show-

WE will take pleasure in showing you our beautiful line of Fine and Handsome Wedding Presents.

STILSON & COLLINS JEWELRY CO.,

55 Whitehall Street.

Maier & Berkele

JEWELERS.

The Largest Stock of Fine DIAMONDS In the South, And the Lowest Prices. 31 Whitehall Street.

OFF 1/4 OFF

Twenty-five Per Cent Discount Allowed on all our Wool Suits for Men, Boys and Children. The variety includes Cheviots, Cassimeres, Worsteds, Summer Tweeds, Scotch Homespins, Melanges and Irish Friezes. Select at random. Our prices are marked in plain figures—the discount is manifest to the most careless observer.

The Man with a tool box on his shoulder.....saves 25 per cent

The Man with a dinner pail in his hand.....saves 25 per cent

The Man with trowel and hammer.....saves 25 per cent

The Man that earns his bread by the sweat of his brow.....saves 25 per cent

The Man of profession, law, physic, science, etc.....saves 25 per cent

The Man of moderate income.....saves 25 per cent

The Man of large investments.....saves 25 per cent

Our \$10.00 Suits, worth \$12.50.....Now \$7.50

Our \$12.50 Suits, worth \$15.00.....Now \$9.37

Our \$5.00 Suits, worth \$18.00.....Now \$11.25

Our \$16.50 Suits, worth \$20.00.....Now \$12.38

Our \$18.00 Suits, worth \$22.50.....Now \$13.50

Our \$20.00 Suits, worth \$25.00.....Now \$15.00

EISEMAN BROS.,

15-17 Whitehall Street.

MORE CHEERFUL.

Liverpool's Advance Had an Encouraging Effect on the Bulls.

SPINNERS TAKE 12,000 BALES

After an Active Trade Wheat Closed at a Decline of About 1 3/8c—Stocks Closed at a Gain of 1-4 to 3-8 Per Cent.

New York, July 1.—There were two sides to the stock market today, and those operating for lower prices found this out at an early hour. At the opening Chicago Gas rallied about 2 points and the railway list, on higher cables from London, moved up 1/4 per cent. The leaders on the Industrials then made another attack and brought about a decline of 1/2 per cent. In this decline Chicago Gas sold down to 88c. Tobacco to 107 1/2 and Sugar to 106 1/2. Much to the disappointment of the bear contingent, this rally was practically ignored, so far as the railway list was concerned, and for the remainder of the day the shorts developed their time to getting back the stock put out on the theory that the break in the Industrials would start liquidation. Again the shorts in the Industrials were somewhat disturbed by the bids made by a leading Bond street house, which has been identified with Chicago Gas in the past, for the dividend on any part of 10,000 shares. This firm offered to give 3/4 per cent if the dividend is to be quarterly and 1/2 if declared semi-annually. This apparently had the effect of setting at rest the talk that the directors will pass the dividend, although it did not stop the gossip about a bond issue by the company. Tobacco was heavy, and fell from 109 1/2 to 107 1/2. Judge Shipman having reversed the decision of a lower court in favor of the company, involving a cigarette machine. In the afternoon trading covering became quite general and prices of the Industrials rose anywhere from 1/4 to 4 per cent. The railway group moved up 1/4 to 1 1/2 per cent. Burlington and Quincy, Missouri Pacific and Southern railway preferred leading. The strength of the securities of the last named both here and in London were considered insignificant in view of the fact that the financial policy of the company is dictated by the house of J. P. Morgan & Co. Speculation closed strong with prices at or near the highest figures of the day. Net changes show gains of 1/4 to 3/8 per cent, the Industrials leading. Tobacco lost 1 1/2 per cent.

Total sales were 290,791 shares, including 65,000 Chicago Gas, 55,000 Sugar, 24,000 Tobacco and 15,000 St. Paul.

The bond market was higher. Sales were \$1,538,000.

The sales of listed stocks aggregated 230,000 shares and of unlisted stocks 64,000.

Treasury balances: Coin, \$104,567,000; currency, \$57,487,000.

Money on call, easy at 2 per cent; last loan at 2, closing offered at 2; prime mercantile paper, 5/16 per cent.

Bar silver, 66 1/2.

Sterling exchange was firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 60 days and 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 90 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 120 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 180 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 240 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 360 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 420 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 480 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 540 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 600 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 660 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 720 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 780 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 840 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 900 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 960 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1020 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1080 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1140 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1200 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1260 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1320 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1380 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1440 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1500 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1560 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1620 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1680 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1740 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1800 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1860 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1920 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 1980 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2040 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2100 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2160 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2220 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2280 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2340 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2400 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2460 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2520 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2580 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2640 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2700 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2760 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2820 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2880 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 2940 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3000 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3060 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3120 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3180 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3240 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3300 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3360 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3420 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3480 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3540 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3600 days, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4, for 3660 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MORE CHEERFUL.

Liverpool's Advance Had an Encouraging Effect on the Bulls.

SPINNERS TAKE 12,000 BALES

After an Active Trade Wheat Closed at a Decline of About 1-8-36—Stocks Closed at a Gain of 1-4 to 2-5-5 Per Cent.

New York, July 1.—There were two sides to the stock market today, and those operating for lower prices found this out at an early hour. At the opening Chicago Gas rallied about 2 points and the railway list, on higher cables from London, moved up 1/4 per cent. The bears on the Industrials then made another attack and brought about a decline of 1/2 per cent. In this decline Chicago Gas sold down to 88 1/2, Tobacco 107 1/2 and Sugar 10 1/2. Much to the disappointment of the bear contingent, this rally was practically ignored, so far as the railway list was concerned, and for the remainder of the day the shorts devoted their time to getting back the stock put out of their hands at the break in the Industrials would start liquidation. Again the shorts in the Industrials were somewhat disturbed by the bills made by a late Broad street house, which has been identified with Chicago Gas in the past, for the dividend on any part of 10,000 shares. This firm offered to give 1/2 per cent if the dividend is to be quarterly and 1/4 if declared semi-annually. This apparently had the effect of setting at rest the talk that the directors will pass the dividend, although it did not stop the gossip about a bond issue by the company. Tobacco was heavy, and fell from 107 1/2 to 107 1/4. Judge Shipman having recommended the decision of a lower court in favor of the company, involving a cigarette machine. In the afternoon trading covering became quite general and prices of the Industrials rose anywhere from 1/4 to 1/2 per cent. The railway group moved up 1/4 to 1/2 per cent, Burlington and Quincy, Missouri Pacific and Southern railway preferred leading. The strength of the securities of the last named both here and in London were considered insignificant in view of the fact that the financial policy of the company is dictated by the house of J. P. Morgan & Co. Speculation closed strong with prices at or near the highest figures of the day. Net changes show gains of 1/2 per cent in the Industrials leading Tobacco lost 1/2 per cent.

Total sales were 226,791 shares, including 65,000 Chicago Gas, 10,000 Sugar, 24,000 Tobacco and 15,000 St. Paul.

The bond market was higher. Sales were \$1,536,000.

The sales of listed stocks aggregated 230,000 shares and of unlisted stocks \$4,000,000. Treasury balances: Gold, \$10,487,000; currency, \$67,487,000.

Money on call, easy at 2 per cent; last loan at 2, closing offered at 2; prime mercantile paper, 3/16 to 3/8 per cent.

Bar silver, 66 1/2.

Sterling exchange was firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.85 1/2 for 60 days and \$4.89 1/2 for demand; posted rates, \$4.85 1/2 for 60 days, \$4.89 1/2 for demand.

Government bonds steady.

State bonds firm.

Railroad bonds irregular.

Silver at the board was dull.

London, July 1.—Paris advances quote 3 per cent rent 102 francs, 1/2 centimes for the account.

The following are closing bids:

Am. Cotton Oil Co. 27 Mobile & Ohio 24 1/2

Am. Sugar Ref. 108 1/2 N. Y. & N. E. 108 1/2

Am. Tobacco 111 1/2 N. Y. & N. E. 108 1/2

Am. Cotton Oil Co. 27 Mobile & Ohio 24 1/2

Am. Sugar Ref. 108 1/2 N. Y. & N. E. 108 1/2

Am. Tobacco 111 1/2 N. Y. & N. E. 108 1/2

Am. Cotton Oil Co. 27 Mobile & Ohio 24 1/2

Am. Sugar Ref. 108 1/2 N. Y. & N. E. 108 1/2

Am. Tobacco 111 1/2 N. Y. & N. E. 108 1/2

and Nashville, Southern railway preferred and the Grangers.

Tennessee Coal and Iron broke 1 per cent, and recovered almost at once.

The leading Industrials fell 2 to 4 per cent, but Sugar went 2 per cent higher.

The market closed irregular, but with evidence of more support, and bears were endeavoring to cover.

Financial Gossip.

If outside conditions were now shaping the course of the market, the exchange would have an active and advancing market.

All these are favorable, according to the generally accepted tests and indications, and the situation is just what is needed for a year ago. General business is active and expanding. Stable products command fair prices, railway earnings improve and the treasury gold reserve is restored.

But temporarily these things have no local application, having been largely discounted by a bull movement. Within the stock exchange professional operators are at work busily and are using all the ingenuity they possess to shake out weak holders and depress prices with which success, as regards Industrials, has already been seen.

That they will this week extend their aggressiveness to the railway shares, probably with some cost to values, is a logical conclusion. The market will be unsettled for the time being, and that holders of the railway shares should be prepared for a loss, pending a moderate decline, in the Industrials liquidation has been extensive.

Some of the specialties, notably those behind which are strong interests, will be exceptions to the general movement of prices, but the market is not so much as the leaders in the rise should get a reaction.

Take the Grangers, in Burlington, North-west and Rock Island, and St. Louis. There has been enough unloading by strong people to leave weak ones loaded up.

It is the latter's small margins that are the room traders after. When the market has done some damage to quotations, the speculators will be heard.

From a financial point of view, the week was eventful. Mr. Pierpont Morgan completed its payments for the government bond issue. Consequently the treasury gold reserve for the first time since 1890 has been below \$100,000,000.

Mr. Morgan had important work on his hands at the moment he left his home, and the sort of progress he made is best shown by results.

In the first place the trunk line situation, now in a chaotic state, was not only simplified, but an agreement to restore rates July 1st was reached in such rapid fashion that it is clearly to indicate that the large holders of securities had at last routed themselves and were acting with the bank.

Exchange advanced and there was talk of gold exports, but the assurance is given that the bank syndicate will continue to exert its influence to prevent them. Imports of dry goods and general merchandise were very moderate.

Those of wheat and flour fell off nearly a million bushels, yet were somewhat larger than for the corresponding period a year ago.

Bank earnings continued to show rapid growth of business and at \$1,000,000 for the week were 32 per cent larger than a year ago and only about 3 per cent less than the normal record. Increase by the principal cities: New York 40 per cent, Boston 25, Philadelphia 20, St. Louis 20, Baltimore 20 and New Orleans 10 per cent.

Earnings are less favorable, as a test of business, than during the year, but the third week there was an increase in gross of 5 per cent or about the same as the year ago, and the week preceding.

Merchandise increased and is slowly making head in some cases over the year. The May statement of the Pennsylvania being instanced, its increase in gross of nearly \$1,000,000 is one of the best proofs available of the recovery in business.

BOND AND STOCK QUOTATIONS.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

ATLANTA AND CITY BONDS.

Georgia 1897, 100 1/2

Georgia 1898, 100 1/2

Georgia 1899, 100 1/2

Georgia 1900, 100 1/2

Georgia 1901, 100 1/2

Georgia 1902, 100 1/2

Georgia 1903, 100 1/2

Georgia 1904, 100 1/2

ago. Some fields have been abandoned on account of grass and weeds. Mississippi accounts also state that the fields are not so good as last year. There was a rumor of a bull combination in cotton, but we place no faith in it. There is probably too small a short interest to cause any sharp upward movement at the present time, but we believe that prospects of a reduced cotton crop and the improved business outlook are sufficient reasons for a stronger tone and a gradual rise in prices. Our market opened 1/2 to 1 point higher and followed this by a further advance of about 5 points, August selling at 6 1/2. There was some reaction from this price and August closed at 6 1/2, with the market steady. Southern spot markets were generally unchanged. There was an advance of 1/2 in quotations here.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 1.—(Special).—The market was more cheerful aspect today. A sharp advance in Liverpool had a wonderful effect in encouraging the bulls and taming the bears. August opened 8 points higher at 6 1/2 and advanced 7 points further to 13 1/2.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 1.—(Special).—Liverpool has today shown so much strength that had buyers appeared in our market the advance here would have been greater.

New Orleans Crop Statement.

New Orleans, July 1.—New Orleans cotton exchange report cotton crop movement for ten months to June 30th: Port receipts 7,480,000 last year, 5,880,000 this year.

The Cereal Situation.

From the New York Stockholder.

Crop reports last week, but the wheat market still near the close, when it rallied, was bearish. In the winter belt the wheat line had advanced well to the north, which means that the cutting will soon be over. In the south thrashers are at work and there are many reports of early pointing rates. Very largely they are speculative, though, of course, this year's yield is much below the average.

Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, July 1.—Cotton rose 12 to 14 points and closed steady with sales of 120,000 bales.

The Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, July 1.—12:15 p.m.—Cotton, spot, demand for prices firm; middling 13 1/2; sales 11,000 bales.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Not Much Confidence to the Early Buying and Prices Declined.

Chicago, July 1.—An irregular and narrow wheat market wound up in a break today with a well known local professional bull price. The crowd started to the buying, however, the scalpers running very quickly on the selling that took place and a decline occurred. September when opened from 72 1/2 to 72 3/4, sold between 72 1/2 and 71 3/4.

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easy. September pork and lard each closed 1/2 lower and September ribs 5/16 lower.

Lumson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to J. C. Knox, Manager.

Chicago, July 1.—The tenor of the wheat market during the greater portion of today's session has been towards a steady decline.

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Provisions, Grain, Etc.

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DON'T MARRY

Until you have written for our samples and prices of wedding invitations. We also make a specialty of engagement and wedding rings of solid 18-carat gold.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.,
Jewelers.

POSTPONED AGAIN.

Dr. Harvey's Case Was Sent Over on Account of Mr. Austin's Sickness.

A SPECIAL TERM MAY BE CALLED

One of the indictments against Mrs. M. E. Hickson Nolle Pressed—Sexton and Crews Were Released on Bond.

Dr. Lewis Harvey's haggard and nervous features brightened up yesterday morning when Judge Clark sent his case over and said that a special term would probably be called for the trial of it some time in the future.

Last week when the case was postponed because of the illness of Colonel James W. Austin, leading counsel for Harvey, it was stated by Judge Richard Clark that he would set the case preemptively for Monday and that he would call it on trial and send it to trial whether Colonel Austin was able to attend court or not.

Judge Clark said that he would give the leading counsel for Harvey an opportunity to recover his health, but that if he was not well by Monday Harvey would have to secure new counsel.

When Judge Lumpkin vacated the courtroom up stairs Judge Clark called court to order and called the Harvey case. Colonel Austin was in court. He was by no means a well man. When the case was called he arose and stated that it was very embarrassing for him to have to ask for a continuance of the case, but that he was simply physically unable to go on. He said that he had been advised by his physician and that he had a certificate from him to that effect.

Judge Clark interrupted Colonel Austin and told him that he could see that he was in no condition to go on with the trial and that he would send it over.

"I suppose, your honor," said Solicitor Hill, "that that means for the term." Judge Clark said that was not his understanding of the postponement, as he intended to confer with Judge Lumpkin regarding the calling of a special term before the fall term, as there were several cases that might be disposed of.

During the disposition of his case Dr. Harvey was almost completely unnerfed. When first brought into the courtroom he was in a very nervous state. He could look in no particular direction any length of time and moved his feet uneasily and shifted his position several times. He seemed much better when it was decided that his case was not to be called at present. He was taken back to jail with the same handcuffs and belt used on Myers during his trial.

Courthouse Cullings.
One of the cases pending against Mrs. M. E. Hickson for forgery was not pressed yesterday morning by the solicitor. She was convicted in one instance, but the supreme court held that she had forged no name no matter how similar it might appear to that of a real name, and no matter what description she may have given of a person who was not in existence. The indictment which was quashed was one in the case in which she is charged with forging the name of Agnew, a Florida cashier. He refused to come here to testify.

Court Miscellaneous.
Judge Westcott's court was begun yesterday and ten negro gamblers were on trial when court adjourned yesterday afternoon. A number of cases resulted in verdicts of not guilty and in the cases of the members of the Harmony Club, charged with gaming, the solicitor not pressed them because of lack of evidence to convict.

After spending nearly eight months in jail, Sanford Crews and William Sexton, two young men charged with highway robbery, were yesterday morning permitted to give bond. They were tried and convicted of the charge against them and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. A new trial has been granted them, however.

Judge Van Epps held court yesterday and heard a number of motions and demurrers. This morning he will hold a call of the appearance docket. Immediately after this he will have a call of the docket for the purpose of setting cases for trial.

Judge Lumpkin held court yesterday and heard a number of minor motions. He gave orders in several uninteresting cases. Judge Lumpkin will probably adjourn court this week.

The grand jury will meet this morning. It is understood that the final report of this body will be tendered Judge Lumpkin. It will probably be interesting reading.

Solicitor Hill will probably leave for Tate Springs in a few days and will remain there until the motion for a new trial in the Myers case is called.

Judge Clark adjourned court yesterday and dismissed the jurors. He may look after some chambers business this morning.

For Brain Fag.

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
Dr. W. R. Lowman, Orangeburg, S. C., says: "I have used and prescribed this beneficial results in brain fag and nerve exhaustion."

The genuine Anker-Pur Bitters of Dr. J. G. B. Siebert & Sons, are the most efficacious stimulant to excite the appetite. Ask your druggist.

Get the St. Louis A. B. C. Bohemian bottled beer, brewed by the American Brewing Co., if you want a pure article. Bailey & Carroll, wholesale dealers.

The Grand Canyon
Of the Yellowstone is 1,300 feet deep. It has been excavated out of hard volcanic rock. You can imagine how many millions years it has taken to do this. It is a wonderful combination in form and color. You ought to see it—probably you intend to some time. Better go this year. Rates are low. Send 6 cents to Chas. S. Fox, general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific railroad, St. Paul, Minn., for a tourist book of the park.

Change of Dates Tickets to Boston and Return.
On account of the Christian Endeavor convention being earlier than was at first advertised, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Boston and return for this occasion on July 6th, 7th and 8th, instead of July 8th, 9th and 10th. The rate via the Southern will be one fare for the round trip and the tickets will be good to return until July 31, 1895. The route will be via the Pennsylvania railway from Washington, which line announces that they will grant stop-overs at Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York on the tickets sold for this occasion by the Southern railway. These tickets are to be good on the vestibule limited trains.

July 2-4.

Fourth of July Rates.

Cheap excursion tickets will be on sale between all points on the Central railroad system July 3d and 4th for trains scheduled to reach destination by forenoon of July 4th, limited returning to July 7th, at the low rate of 4 cents per mile for the round trip. Ticket office, 16 Wall street, Kimball house and union depot.

July 2-21.

FINE LIVERY.

The Finest Horses, Carriages, etc.

Boarding Horses a Specialty.

W. O. Jones is now ready to furnish his customers with the finest livery and stable to be had in the city. A specialty is that of boarding horses and the splendid care and attention given them. If you wish genuine satisfaction call on Jones, Nos. 23 and 25 South Forsyth street.

July 2-21.

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July 2-21.

Don't Be Deluded

Into the idea that you are going to get some where a \$20 Suit for \$10.
The loud circus poster style of advertising is for the unwary.
People are finding out that the something for nothing offer is all bosh.
Clothing the boys and saving the money. Perfect fitting; \$3 to \$7.50.

Eads-Neel Co.

EXECUTOR'S CLOSING OUT JEWELRY SALE.

On account of the death of Mr. S. Maier we are closing out our immense WHOLESALE JEWELRY STOCK, BOTH WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

We invite you to call.

S. MAIER & CO., 8 MARIETTA ST.

Established 1885. B. MAIER, Executor.

Mon. Tues. Thurs. Sun. Thurs.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Hotel Tybee,

Tybee Island, Georgia.

IS NOW OPEN

For the Season.

The Hotel Tybee, under the present management, is an ideal family resort. A splendid place for your family to spend the summer.

The hotel is now noted for its excellent service and splendid cuisine, the table being supplied with all the delicacies that the market affords and an abundant supply of fish, crabs, shrimp, etc.

Leon's Fine Orchestra Engaged for the Season.

RATES—\$2.50 and \$3 per day, \$12.50 and \$15 per week. Special monthly rates, Special inducements for parties of two or more.

BOHAN & COWAN.
June 20-21 sat sun tues

HYGEIA HOTEL,

Old Point Comfort, Va.

Unrivaled as a health and pleasure resort. Invigorating ocean breezes full of life-giving ozone. New plumbing, perfect drainage and all the comforts of the modern home.

Send for descriptive pamphlet.

F. N. PIKE, Manager.
June 1-21 sat sun tues thur

ABERDEEN HOTEL

Corner of Broadway and 21st Street, New York City.

American and European plan. Strictly first-class in every respect. Right in the midst of the theater and shopping district.

Convenient to all surface and elevated railways. Rates \$1 per day and upward.

GEORGE F. ATHERTON, Proprietor.
May 23-24 eod.

PORTERS SPRINGS

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA.

Queen of the Mountains

Open June 20th to October 1st, under same management as heretofore, with a good table fare as ever, and board reduced to \$2 per month. Hacks connect with morning train from Atlanta every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at Gainesville. Fare \$2 and trunk \$1. Chalybeate water with remarkable record of cures.

Baths, billiards and tennis free. Daily mail. Resident physician. Music for dancing. Altitude 3,000 feet above sea level, 2,000 above Atlanta, 1,800 above Gainesville, 1,200 above Tallulah Falls, 1,000 above Lookout Mountain and Asheville. For details consult former patrons, or address HENRY P. FARROW.

June 1-sun-wed-fri-tu

HOT SPRINGS,

NORTH CAROLINA.

Mountain Park Hotel

AND COTTAGES

NOW OPEN FOR THE SUMMER SEASON.

Illustrated Circular on application.

DOOLITTLE & BODEN, Managers.

Stockton Hotel,

CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.

Finest structure on the Atlantic coast.

NEW MANAGEMENT.

For rates and information, address H. M. CAKE, Prop.

Also, La Normandie, Washington, D. C.

June 2-21 eod.

FOR RENT

The rooms lately occupied by the Exposition Company. Will arrange to suit tenants. Apply Business Office Constitution.

SUMMER RESORTS.

HOTEL ST. SIMON

St. Simon's Island, Georgia.

This famous hotel has recently been purchased by Georgia capitalists, who have had the buildings thoroughly renovated and refitted. It is an ideal seashore resort. The best people in the South Atlantic states are its annual patrons.

The present management will not leave anything undone that will add to the comfort and pleasure of their guests. The place is attractive, inviting and easily reached by all railroads. Have your baggage checked through to St. Simon's Island.

For full information address Mr. J. C. S. Timberlake, St. Simon's Island, Georgia.

June 1-1m

HOTEL CUMBERLAND,

Cumberland Island, Ga.

Summer Season Opens

June 1st.

Finest sea beach in the south.

Fishing unexcelled on the continent.

Street cars free to the beach.

Naphtha launch and fleet of rowboats.

Splendid livery appointments.

Ample accommodations for 500 guests.

Grand Orchestra! Music morning and evening.

LEE T. SHACKELFORD, Proprietor.

WARM SULPHUR SPRINGS HOTEL.

Warm Springs, Bath County, Virginia.

2,700 Feet Elevation.

Fine Swimming Pools.

Delightfully Cool.

Orchestral Music.

Popular Prices.

For terms address: FRED STERRY, Manager.

or E. S. COMSTOCK, Resident Manager.

June 27-1m

Special Notice

From May 1st to November 1, 1895, the Pulaski house at Savannah, Ga., will make special rates at \$2 and \$3 per day, according to location of room. This hotel is first-class in every respect and its standard will be maintained.

may 1-3m

CHARLES F. GRAHAM, Proprietor.

THE HOTEL MARLBOROUGH

Broadway and 36th Street,

NEW YORK CITY.

Covers the entire block on Broadway, with 400 rooms and 200 bathrooms.

The leading Southern Hotel of the metropolis. First-class accommodations at fair prices on either the American or European plan.

LOUIS L. TODD, Proprietor.

The Summer Resort

OF THE SOUTH.

WARM SPRINGS, GA.

In the Pine mountains of Meriwether county, 1,300 feet above sea level, with the greatest bathing establishment in the country, comprising individual baths, separate swimming pools, 16x30 feet, for ladies and gentlemen, and a magnificent general swimming pool 50 feet wide by 150 feet long, all supplied with pure, clear water from the famous

WARM SPRINGS

which flow 1,400 gallons per minute. Temperature of water 90 degrees. Large, new hotel and comfortable cottages. On the Georgia Midland railroad, three hours from Atlanta; one and a half hours from Columbus. Telegraph and long distance telephone connection with Atlanta, Macon and Columbus.

Opens June 1st. Write for circulars and rates.

CHAS. L. DAVIS, Proprietor.

may 15-2m thur sat sun tues

THE BRISTOL, New York City

13 to 15 E. 11th St., near 6th Ave.

Comfortable family hotel. American plan. Terms, \$1 to \$3 per day.

June 1-1m thur sat sun tues

MELROSE INN ON THE BEACH

BEAUMONT, N. J.

Open June 1st.

June 1-1m thur sat sun tues

June 1-1m thur sat sun tues

June 1-1m thur sat sun tues

June 1-1m thur sat sun tues

June 1-1m thur sat sun tues

June 1-1m thur sat sun tues

BIG ADDITIONS

To our already large stock of Men's Suits just received. Bought at a big sacrifice they go to you the same way. Our line of Summer Furnishings was never so large or attractive. Colored Shirts, in negligee or stiff bosoms, Underwear, Neckwear, Straw Hats, everything in Men's and Boys' dressings.

HIRSCH BROS.,

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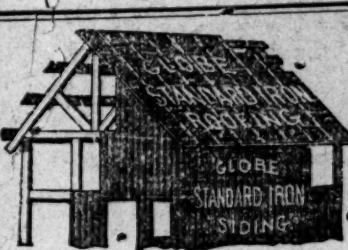
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Of every description for Cotton and Woolen Mills, Oil Mills, Saw and Planing Mills, Railroads, Quarries, Machine Shops, etc. Send for list of new and second-hand Machinery.

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Manufacturers and Dealers in Paints and Artist Supplies.

Get our prices before buying. *Will save you money.

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GREAT EXPOSITION SALE

Furniture, Bedding, Carpets, Matting and every article necessary to furnish hotels and boarding houses. We have closed contracts for 2,500 complete Chamber Suits, 2,000 pairs Blankets, Comforts, Spreads and Toilet Sets at prices unheard of hitherto—prices in touch with the times, and will meet the indorsement of every one that stands for Atlanta's weal. We furnish your house complete from cellar to attic. Furniture, Matting, Bedding, Shades, Toilet Sets, Towels and Rugs.

On Most Liberal Terms

And guarantee to save you money. Get our prices before buying, and don't wait until the rush is on, but place your orders at once, either with us or some other.

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And save freight and breakage. We can show over 3,000 complete suits.

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